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BY H. A. McPIKE.

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# Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year, in advance.

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☞ Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c., at honest prices are respectfully invited to give me a call before buying elsewhere, as I am confident that I can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.
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—AND DEALERS IN—
COOKING & HEATING STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES, &c.,
1108 Eleventh Avenue, . Altoona, Pa.
One Door West of Opera House.
ROOFING AND SPOUTING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
REPAIRS FOR STOVES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
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J. McGRATH.
Altoona, April 15, 1881.-tf.

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Altoona, April 22, 1881.-tf.

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Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [8-27.-79.]

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN. Only $1.50 per year, in advance.

### NO TIME FOR HATING.

Begone with feud! away with strife;
Our human hearts numbating!
Let us be friends again! This life
Is all too short for hating!
So dull the day, so dim the way,
So rough the road we're faring—
Far better weal with faithful friend,
Than stalk alone uncaring!

The barren fig, the withered vine,
Are types of selfish living:
But souls that give, like thine and mine,
Renew their life by giving.
While cypress waves o'er earthly graves,
On all the way we're going,
Far better plant, where seed is scant,
Than tread on fruit that's growing.

Away with scorn! Since die we must
And rest on one low pillow;
There are no rivals in the dust—
No foes beneath the willow.
So dry the flowers, so few the flowers,
Our earthly way discloses,
Far better stoop where daisies droop
Than tramp o'er broken roses!

Of what are all the joys we hold
Compared to joys above us!
And what are rank, and power and gold,
Compared to hearts that love us?
So fleet our years, so full of tears,
So closely death is waiting;
God gives us space for loving grace,
But leaves no time for hating.
—A. J. H. Duganne.

### ROMANCE OF CRIME.

NOVEL ESCAPES FROM SING SING AND FROM A RAILROAD CAR.

THE DUMMY BASKET AT SING SING.

[*New York Herald.*]

At Sing Sing the favorite method employed of escaping is the old and seemingly detected one of using a dummy in the cell, and more than any other method it has been successful. Only a few days ago, Holland, a noted English burgler, "beat" the prison in that way, and as his story has a peculiar vein of romance in it it is interesting in itself, in addition to explaining what the dummy "racket," is. So it may be told here. Holland was sentenced to fifteen years and had only been in prison a little while. He had received a visit from an Irish girl, who claimed she was his sister, but who being asked to reconcile her nationality with that of her alleged brother, she admitted that she was his betrothed wife. Holland was employed as a hall boy, working on the galleries, carrying water, etc. When the men are locked up at night the keepers pass along in front of the cell, each man comes up and puts his hands and face to the barred door and is counted. When the keeper counts his men and finds them all right he reports to the clerk, who adds the figures at each report, and if the tally is right the "all right" bell is rung, and the prison is secured for the night. One night Holland was lying on his cot in the cell when the count was being made, and he said to the keeper, "please don't make me get up; I am very sick." As his voice assured the keeper of his presence, he went along. The next night Holland spoke up again and said he was sick, the next night the same, but the fourth night when the keeper looked in the cell he saw a pair of shoes, sticking up, a man apparently asleep on the bed, his arm over his face. "Oh, that's the sick man," said the keeper, and counted along 34, 35, 36, and so on to his complete gang, and so reported. Meanwhile Holland had hidden away somewhere in the yard, and when the "all right" bell rang he had only time to scale the wall and fly. Now begins the romance of the story. Detective Jackson remembered the girl who had visited Holland, and he proceeded to find her. Just how he succeeded in placing her he does not divulge; but before noon of the succeeding day he had written the following note to a lady on Seventh street, where the fair Kitty was at service:

In fifteen minutes I will call at your house. I will ring twice. Do not open unless I ring the door. Come yourself. Say nothing about this request. My business is of the utmost importance. Answer.

The answer came back all right and in fifteen minutes Jackson rang the bell and was admitted. He was given an opportunity to see the girl without himself being seen, and being fully satisfied that it was the party he wanted, and feeling confident that Holland would sooner or later communicate to her, he set himself to watch. A few hours later a telegraph boy brought her a message. After a delay she came out and he shadowed her nearly four hours. She went up town, down town, to all sorts of places, and after this long chase came back to the house. The officer was about to give her up when out she came again and started on a run for Broadway and on to Stewart's store on 9th street. She waited for an hour circling about the store until finally a man came over to her and drawing her into the recess of the door, kissed her fervently. Then they walked on, the officer following. Presently, when he made sure of his man, he caught his arms, and Holland recognizing him said, inquiringly, "Officer Jackson?"

"Right you are, Holland."

"Now I have fifteen years straight, Kitty, and all for love of you, dear," was the man's answer, as he put out his hands to be "cuffed."

One day "Jimmy" Curry, a ten year man, and Tom Hamilton drove out of the yard in a contractor's carriage. They were soon missed and captured. In taking the buggy, however, they went further and took the contractor's clothes and made for themselves white beards out of threads to simulate his appearance.

A DIME NOVEL IN ONE CHAPTER.

[*From the Denver News.*]

When Deputy U. S. Marshal Cantril returned to Denver last Monday afternoon with the tidings that William Le Roy, the dashing road agent and prince of mail robbers, had made his escape while *en route* to the government prison at Detroit, under ten years' sentence, the United States officials here were angry. That Le Roy should have made his escape from Sim Cantril and a deputy only served to increase their anger and fan it into a flame of no small magnitude. Yesterday the *News* reporter, in passing the excavation for the sewer at Holladay street, felt a hand clasp on his arm, and turning, saw the mysterious train wrecker who had manifested so much interest in Le Roy's case as detailed by General Cameron a couple of days before. "You have not forgotten me, have you?" he questioned in a moderate tone of voice. "Now, as you have manifested some interest in Le Roy's case, I'll give you the whole story.

"When Billy was sentenced I was within easy call, and since that time I have not been asleep. Some years ago the boy used to be with a snide variety company and played the character of a female impersonator, and he was well up in his business too, and if he had stuck to it would not have been compelled to go to holding up coaches on the road for a living. His old girl, who had been with him from time to time for three years, and who loves him better, if anything, than I do, lives in Del Norte, and we wrung her into the scheme with us. As planned by Billy it was to bring her up to town and get two suits of clothes for her just exactly alike—that is dresses of one color. Then we were to get a suit of clothes, men's clothes for Billy, and the extra woman's rig and men's were to be kept ready for a close call. We were to keep a close lookout for the time when he was to be taken away, get on the train with him, and then at the first opportunity which offered at night we were to take whatever guards were with him, put up a job on them, and dress Billy up like the girl. Then we could go on our way rejoicing.

"The day came and we knew all about it, and when the carriage containing Le Roy and his guards drove up to the train the girl and I were already on board. They took one double seat and we took the one directly behind them and awaited developments. Along in the night all the passengers got to sleep. We were in a sleeping car, if it was not called such, and Cantril's boy got awful sleepy. I felt sorry for the poor little devil, and was glad when he went into the car for a nap. Billy was also very tractible. Cantril was thirsty that night, and I put up a job on him. Going to the water tank, after gauging his drinks and the time between them, I poured out some croton oil and left it in the cup. Then I pretended to take a hearty drink and made so much noise about gulping it down that Cantril got awful thirsty. I had no more than gained my seat till he made a dive for the tank, and without tilting the cup filled it and emptied it. To partially kill the stench of the croton I had put a dash of burned liquor in it. If Cantril tasted anything wrong in the water he attributed it to a sour stomach, and so said nothing. It was not many minutes before the deputy marshal felt a general weakness about his bread basket. When Cantril left, and slammed the door to, we acted. All of us were up and doing in a second, for none of us had been asleep. The irons were off Billy in less than ten seconds, and then the extra suit of woman's toggery was put on him. When all was finished he curled down in my seat, just like the girl had been, and the girl got up and skipped into another car. My next move was to put my head over on Billy's shoulder, and in another moment the brakeman came in. As he passed by with the lantern I raised up as if awoke by the noise and the light, and discovering that the prisoner was gone, raised the hue and cry. The brakeman took it up, everybody was up aroused, and Cantril came out of the toilet room. Then ensued a scene of confusion. He wanted the train stopped, and the conductor would not until he got to Hays city, five miles away. When we got there the girl got off, Cantril also got off and his assistant with him, and Billy and I went on with the train, tickled almost to death."

"Where is Le Roy at the present time?" asked the reporter.

"He is safe," was the reply.

Judging from the statement made by the train wrecker, Le Roy has gone East for a time, but will soon return, place himself at the head of his gang and once more take the road.

THE DOG.—The dog is a diditigrade carniverous mammal. This will be news to most persons who had always supposed that a dog was a dog.

It has been bruited about that the dog is the best friend of man among the brute creation.

He pants after the thief. When once he gets hold of the thief's pants, he makes breaches.

A barking dog never bites; that is to say, when he begins to bite he stops barking. Conversely, a biting dog never barks, and for similar reasons.

The hair of a dog will cure his bite. This is a curious superstition among hair-brained young men who are fast going to the dogs.

Dogs are dentists by profession. They insert teeth without charge.

The sea dog loves his bark. Did you ever see a dog that didn't?

The bark of a tree is unlike the the bark of a dog. Even a dogwood know this.

Dogs are not always kind, though there are many kinds of dogs.

Every dog has his day, although dog days last but a few weeks in the year.

There must be a Sirius error here.

The dog's star is the dog's planet. They planet so that their days come while the star is in the sky.

They do not fear it. It is not a Skye terrier.

When a dog enters a pitched battle he uses the dog's tar.

Brutus said: "I would rather be a dog and bay the moon than such a Roman."

He had seen the dogs roamin' around on the bay.

They never got over the bay.

Sea?

A living dog is said to be better than a dead lion. There's no lyin' about this, but a dead dog is dog gone bad.

Tray was a good dog, but tray is worse than the duce when it is against you.

Dogs were the original Argonauts. They have never given over their search for the fleas.

The bull dog is a stubborn fellow. He is not easily cowed.

A great many stories about the dog have obtained currency. The man who left a part of his clothing with the dog has current. See?

Puppies are born blind. They are not sea dogs then.

There are many types of dogs, including doguerreotype.

But perhaps we had better paws here.

Howl this do for the dog?—*Boston Transcript.*

THE plug hat is a sort of social guarantee for the preservation of peace and order. He who puts one on has given a hostage to the community for his good behavior. The wearer of a plug hat must move with a certain sedateness and propriety. He can not run, or jump, or romp, or get into a fight, except at the peril of his headgear. All the hidden influences of the beaver tend toward respectability.

WHEN a man is digging garden he turns up a pint of angle worms at every spadeful. When he wants bait for fishing, he might dig up the entire garden without finding a worm. It is suspected that Darwin's new book on the "Action of Worms," &c., will satisfactorily explain this remarkable phenomenon.—*Norristown Herald.*

### "MONDAY."

The river blazed with sunset light; the air was full of the scent of magnolias. There was no sight that was not beautiful, no sound that was not sweet, at Vue d'Liere.

A pink glow fell over Emma Haughton's figure as she stood on the wide lawn among the cape myrtles, all in pink flowers, awaiting the coming of her husband.

Nothing could have been more exquisite than the pure curves of her face, nothing more perfect than the infantile gold of her clustering hair. And her beauty suited the delicacy and sweetness of her spirit.

Her husband, Guy Haughton, who had moved in the great world for five and twenty years, knew more of its evil than she had ever dreamed.

As she stood there under the rosy branches of the cape myrtles, a great dog, with a curly chestnut coat, suddenly bounded out of the shrubbery. He paused at the sight of her, poised with one foot uplifted, eyeing her wistfully.

Then a young man in his shirt sleeves came out of the shadows of the trees.

"Lon," said Mrs. Haugton, "whose dog is this?"

"Mine," replied Lon Mackenzie, advancing.

"He is very handsome. I did not know you had a dog, Lon."

The gardener—a dark, wiry, handsome fellow—smiled.

"I went to town yesterday with Mr. Haughton, to get an order for some young trees.—A gentleman going away on the Liverpool steamer offered him to Mr. Haughton—he gave him to me. I call him Monday, for the day I got him, you see."

Mrs. Haughton smiled indulgently.

"I'm very glad you have him, Lon. It is lonely sometimes on the lands, isn't it?"

"Yes," he answered.

"How are your father and mother?"

"About the same."

"They are very old and infirm. You are a good son, Lon."

Lon smiled his dark, brilliant smile.—The dog fawned on him, standing half-way to his shoulder.

"Down, Monday."

"His coat is fine and chestnut colored, like the hair of a lady," said Mrs. Haughton.

A buggy whirled up the drive. Guy Haughton had arrived.

* * * * *

That night, his young wife dreaming innocent dreams, Guy Haughton was arrested for forgery. The stern arm of the law drew him from the delights of his home to the cell of a prison.

It was a direful day. No light could be seen to lift the pall of darkness.

A check had been presented at one of the principal banks of the city, signed by a name which proved to be falsely rendered. It had been received from Mr. Haughton's gardener, Lon Mackenzie, and Lon, on being searched for, was discovered missing.

In the night, but a few hours previous to the arrest of Mr. Haughton, he had left his home, a cottage on the sandy banks of the river.

But no one believed that the young gardener was guilty. The trick was too bold, of too great magnitude, for the work of an uneducated man. He had been a tool of others—of that sharp, brilliant master of his, they said. And with part of the notes found in Mr. Haughton's office desk, who could doubt it?

Only, Lon had discovered his danger, and ran away.

So the community said Flint, the detective, knew better. He came and stationed himself on the outskirts of the city, and did a little trading between the freedmen who had "truck patches" and the shippers of southern fruits to northern markets.

By and by he found a beautiful quadroon girl cultivating strawberries. She spoke sweetly—she could read and write.

Flint managed to see her every day for three weeks.

She had told him her name was Rosy. She and her mother owned the cabin and the strawberry patch. She was industrious, modest, respected, yet she looked sadder than most of her class.

Professionally, she was an object of great interest to Detective Flint. He watched her face, he listened to the tones of her voice, to her very breathing, when he questioned her.

She talked with him in a simple, modest fashion. She showed little interest in the trouble at Vue d'Liere, even though she had occasionally sold strawberries to Mrs. Haughton. She had seen the missing gardener, Lon Mackenzie, once or twice, she said.

She always went on with her work steadily during these conversations.

Flint knew that a Southern girl, either black or white, seldom does that—seldom or never chats and labors.

His watch of Rosy grew more vigilant.

He went to the cabin one day, making an excuse of wanting some washing done by Rosy's mother.

Rosy came to the door. She wore a white blouse, a red ribbon at the throat, and a skirt of dark worsted stuff.

As she stood in the doorway, shading her black-lashed eyes with her slim hand, the sun fell full upon her dress.

"I suppose you have to keep a dog to prevent the niggers from stealing your strawberries?" said Flint,

"No," she answered quietly, "we keep no dog."

"Don't like them, perhaps?"

"*Some* dogs," replied Rosy, looking sadder than before.

"What colored dogs, now?" persisted Flint, in a careless manner, as he lit his pipe.

A faint crimson stained her pretty cheek.

"I think brown dogs are the prettiest," she said, thoughtfully—"brown and curly."

At midnight all was still about the cabin.

The salt-tide swelled up the river. The white sailed boats flitted noiselessly down.

The trumpet vine stirred in the breeze on the old sea-wall. The bushes stood in dark clumps on the dusky banks.

Under these bushes lay a man, smoking.

At a slight sound he turned the fire from his pipe down among the dewy grasses.

A dog came running down the shore. He leaped up the bank, sprang past him, and scratched at Rosy's cabin door.

He was instantly admitted.

Half an hour and he was noiselessly let out. A small basket was hung about his neck. He trotted down the shore.

Flint crawled out from under the bushes and followed the dog.

It was Monday!

Faithful, sagacious Monday!—he was licking the hand of his master, hidden in a deserted fig thicket, when they came upon him—strong officers of the law against whom resistance is useless.

Detective Flint had been joined by two other men.

Lon Mackenzie was drawn from his retreat and conducted to prison.

There he confessed to the forgery. He was singularly gifted with the power of imitating penmanship. He had duplicated Mr. Haughton by putting the bills in his desk.

He had coveted the money to enable him to marry Rosy, he said.

Rosy and Monday had fed him for nearly a month.

He had made his confession, clearing Guy Haughton, and then—liberty is sweet!—Love laughs at prison bars—Monday came into the prison with a tiny file hidden in his brown, curly coat.

The prisoner was missing the next morning, and Rosy and Monday were missing, too.

And this time Detective Flint was baffled.

"How did you find the clue before?" he was asked.

"I saw the dog's hair on the girl's dress.—A peculiar color. I knew he had been fawning on her. But the fellow is off this time for good and all. Gone over the water."

So spake Detective Flint out of his knowledge of the guild.

### THE OLD MAN.

One time there was an old man whose back was bent and his step slow. Men who gazed upon his snowy hair and his wrinkled face shook their heads and whispered to each other: "He is a good old man who has not long to live." The old man had been well off in his day; but when he found himself on the shady side of life—wife dead, and home broken up—he said to his only son:

"Here, William, take all I have, and let your home be my home until I die."

The son took the papers—you bet he did; and the father was given a cozy corner, a big chair and a corncob pipe. All went well for a year or so, and then the son and his wife began to make it uncomfortable for the nice old man in the corner. They threw out hints, deprived him of his comforts, and one cold day in winter he was told he had better go to Halifax, Nov a Scotia. The old man's heart was sore as he went out into the world to battle against hunger and cold; and when night came he cowered into a doorway and wept like a child.

"Who is making that chin music up there?" called out a reporter, whose steps had been arrested by the sobs; and he went up the steps, patted the old man on the back, and sat down by him until his story was told.

"Come down to the station with me," said the reporter, taking the old man's arm.—"Your son is first cousin to the man who preferred buzzard to lamb, and I'll help you fix him."

Next morning one of the daily papers contained an item to the effect that an old gentleman named Goodheart had been wandering about the streets at night, and that when taken to the station house, ten thousand dollars in United States bonds were found on him. The old man read it over three times, slapping his leg as he saw the point, and a beautiful smile covered his face and climbed up through his hair. In about an hour his son William rushed into the station-house and called out:

"Father! dear father! come home! We were crying all night long, and my wife is now lying in a comatose state on your account."

The old man went home with him, winking at the lamp-posts, and smiling as he turned the corners. He had all his comforts back, and his son bought him a costly pipe and a pair of box-toed shoes that very day. Well, as time rolled on the son ventured to suggest that the bonds had better be turned over to him; and every time he said 'bonds' the old man would smile and turn the subject. The other day the old man went to bed to die, and he smiled oftener than before, as he lay waiting for the summons.—The son said his heart was breaking, and then he went through the old man's clothes to find the bonds. He didn't find any. He searched the barn, the garret and the cellar; and finally when he saw that death was near, he leaned over the bed and whispered:

"Father, do you know me?"

"Oh, yes! I know you like a book," replied the dying man.

"And, father, don't you see this thing is killing me?"

"Yes, William, I see it!"

"And, father, those—those bonds, you know. I suppose you want them used to purchase a monument?"

"Yes! correct, William!" whispered the father, winking a ghastly wink, and as the same old smile covered his face, death came to call him to a better home. When evening fell the son and the son's wife were wildly searching the straw bed to get their hands on those bonds.

AN INSURANCE ANECDOTE.—The Frederick (Md.) *Times* relates the following story in connection with the speculation in lives in that city:

"In connection with this insurance craze another amusing story is told. It is as follows: An old man of about 80 years, living in the suburbs of the city, supposed to be likely to die at any moment, was insured by a citizen for $8,000. The man being old and decrepit, poor and forlorn, having asked the holder of the policy on his life for assistance, was given a cheap suit of clothes and was told to wash up a little. He took his clothes, went home, scrubbed up, and later made his appearance with pride beaming from his countenance before his noble benefactor, looking as fresh as a daisy. The policy-holder was thunder-struck at the old man's youthful appearance. When he recovered from the shock, he excitedly called his wife. On her arrival upon the scene he pointed in horror at the subject and bawled out, "Look at that man! Why, great heavens! he looks ten years younger than he ever did, and we've paid $35 assessment on him during the past week, too!" The old man whimpered: "Why Mr. Blank, you don't want me to die, do you?" "Don't want you to die!" frantically yelled his benefactor. "What in the name of Jerusalem did I have you insured for?"

AT the mechanical school: "Now, John, did you ever see a saw?" "Yes, sir, I've saw a saw." "What saw was it you saw, John?" "It was a see-saw, sir." "A sea saucer? Why, John, what do you mean?" "I mean a see-saw, sir." "And when did you see the sea?" "Oh, sir, I didn't see the sea, I saw the saw, sir." "But if you only saw the saw, how saw you the saucer?" "Why, sir, I never saw the saucer, I saw the see saw, sir—see?" "Well, my boy, if that's the way you see saws the less saws you see the better. You may take your seat."

1881 resembles a pair of lovers on the sofa when the parlor door opens—because there is one at each end. And when the door shuts they again resemble 1881, because there are two of a kind in the middle.

### Buried in a Bomb-Proof before Petersburg—Saved by a Spoon.

*Jas. M. Green, late of Pegram's Virginia Battery, in Philadelphia Times.*

During the battle in the trenches before Petersburg I was serving in the Army of Northern Virginia as a private in Pegram's Virginia Battery. About the 20th of July a portion of our command, numbering thirty-four officers and men, moved into the fort, then being threatened by Grant's mine, carrying with them three guns. The lines in this neighborhood were in ill repute with our soldiers. They approached very near to each other at some places—the picket firing was incessant and the artillery duels were frequent. I think it was immediately after our arrival at the fort that rumors began to circulate among us regarding the mine that was to be carried under the work and at the proper time "blow us to the moon." On the 29th of July no signs of the impending catastrophe were visible to us in the trenches.—There was no change in the daily routine.—Casualties occurred in our vicinity and the victims were carried past, some of them silent, others with staring eyes exposed and uttering piteous complaints. The dropping fire from the pickets was continuous, and when darkness came we could trace the course of the bombs that all down the line to the Appomattox were being exchanged between the hostile batteries. Midnight had just been proclaimed by the city clock, when, accompanied by Sergeant Peter Royall, I retired. The ammunition bomb force for our gun contained two chests, and on them we stretched our wearied limbs. The sleep that followed was the sleep of utter exhaustion, for the stagnant air and stifling heat of the trenches was not favorable to natural repose. On the following morning at daybreak the Sergeant turned out with the others to replace the facines in the embrasures, as was the daily custom, leaving me asleep, and after a brief absence returned to finish his nap on the chest. At the same time the remainder of the gun squad, eleven or twelve in number, returned to the shelter of a tarpaulin, which they had stretched outside the bomb-proof. Lieutenants Hamlin and Chandler, with the rest of the command, about twenty men in all, having performed the duty I have mentioned, likewise returned inside the fort.

A heavy shock awoke me. In a second I realized that the mine had been exploded, that the bomb-proof was nearly filled with earth, that we were in utter darkness, that, in short, we were buried. Listening intently, I heard the sound of cannonading, seemingly afar off. There was another sound, which to this day I cannot recall without a shudder; the groans of my poor comrades under the tarpaulin, as they were slowly being suffocated by the mass of dirt precipitated upon them by the explosion. I put forth my hand: the Sergeant was still beside me on the chest. We raised our voices in repeated shouts, but the sound was dull and muffled and seemed to come back upon us from the walls of our prison-house.

In the black solitude of that bomb-proof we regarded death's approach with no feeling save that of dull despair. About three hours had elapsed, as I now calculate, when an idea occurred to me, which, by the blessing of Heaven, resulted in our escape. In my haversack was an iron spoon of a size rather larger than common. Was it not possible to utilize this as a mining tool, and so make our way outside? The plan was feasible, and we determined that the attempt should be made. But an unforseen obstacle presented itself at the very threshold of our enterprise. Owing to the derangement of the logs composing the bomb-proof we were unable to reach the haversack, and it was only after the loss of much valuable time that we succeeded in recovering it. Everything now depended on the selection of the proper direction for our mine. Above our heads the logs lay thick and solid, and, indeed, we could discover no breach anywhere, although the partial falling in of our bomb-proof showed that there had been considerable displacement at the moment of the explosion. No course remained for us but to burrow under the bottom row of logs. I loosened the dirt, pushed it behind me and the Sergeant packed it away wherever he could find space. We were agreeably surprised at the rapidity of our progress. In about two hours, as we calculated, we had mined a hole, quite outside of the bomb-proof, large enough to admit of our passage. We now worked towards the surface, and presently we guessed, by the looseness of the material, that we were passing through the mass that had been ejected from the mine, covering the bomb-proof under six or eight feet of clay and sand. Our progress was rapid, and soon, with grateful hearts, we congratulated each other on the prospect of ultimate deliverance. At this last stage in our progress the spoon broke in two, but we had almost reached the goal; a quarter of an hour's additional labor restored us to the blessed air and light.—We had worked for life with desperate haste, and we emerged from the hole trembling in every nerve, neatly naked and with our bodies encrusted with dirt and perspiration. By a comparison of all the circumstances of our terrible adventure—the time was 12 M., a little while before the successful charge of the Confederate brigade commanded by General O. A. Welsiger—we had been entombed five hours.

The scene that now met our eyes afforded a wonderful contrast to the silence and solitude of our late prison. The Federals were in full possession of our fort, or rather what remained of it after the explosion of the mine, and of our lines for some distance to the right and left. They swarmed everywhere in great numbers, loading and firing from behind anything that afforded the least cover. Behind a "reign of vantage," in the shape of a traverse, a score or so of officers were lying down or crouching. Two of our guns had been turned and were being worked rapidly against their late owners. The fire from the Confederates was heavy, bombs and shells coming into the works in large numbers. Our appearance called forth many good-natured expressions of surprise from the soldiers. "Look at the live Johnnies coming out of the ground!" they shouted.

We had scarcely time to note the principal feature of the same when a Sergeant approached and informed us that he would conduct us to the rear. The distance to be traversed before we reached the Federal picket trench was not more than a hundred yards, but that space was swept by a terrific fire of musketry and artillery. As we retired, carefully availing ourselves of the protection afforded by a shallow trench, we witnessed a horrid incident of war. Behind an immense mass of clay, one of two that had been heaved from the very heart of the crater, and now in the field between the lines, a crowd of soldiers had sought refuge from the heavy fire that came from the works still held by the Confederates. A bomb exploded right in their midst, with frightful results to the poor soldiers. The Federal Sergeant who had us in charge was completely unmanned by the carnage that was wrought and failing flat on his face refused to go further. Royall and I lost no time in parleying with him, but pushed on, and, for a wonder, reached the picket trenches unscathed. There we were in comparative safety, but presently we encountered a new danger.—The ravine in the rear of the crater was crowded with the demoralized fragments of the colored division that had participated in the morning's failure. A savage spirit had been engendered in these negroes by their repulse, and they wanted to murder us offhand. Indeed, it was only by risking his life that a white soldier who had proffered his services to guide us to the rear saved us from their clutches.

### LESSONS IN LOVE MAKING.

Don't love too many at once.

Don't go to spooning in public.

Give your little brother taffy and get him to bed before your chap calls.

Recollect that a wedding ring on your finger is worth a good many of them in your mind.

Try to find out by some means whether your intended knows how to earn a decent living for two.

Be reasonable; don't expect a man working for $8 a week to furnish you with reserved seats at the opera every other night.

Don't be afraid to show the man of your choice that you love him—provided, of course, that he loves you. Love is a double-headed sort of concern, and both have a part to play.

Don't try too hard to bring many suitors to your feet. They have feet as well as you, and you may see a pair of feet walking off from you some day that you would be glad to call back.

Keep your temper, if you expect your other-half-in-law to keep his. If he doesn't suit you give him a ticket-of-leave. If he does suit you don't expect him to put up with your humors.

Do! carefully with bashful lovers: lead them gradually to the point (of proposal, of course), but don't let them suspect what you are at, or they might faint on your hands, or go crazy on the spot.

It is said lovers' quarrels always end with kisses. This is partly true; but if you are not careful those little spats you indulged in may end in the kisses you covet being given to some other girl!

If it is possible, try to suit your sisters, cousins, aunts, grandfathers neighbors friends

# Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - - - MAY 27, 1881.


THE number of immigrants arriving at the different ports of this country during the month of April was 95,390. Of this number Germany furnished 38,898, and Ireland 9,583. The Dominion of Canada contributed the large number of 12,306—nearly 3,000 more than came from Ireland. The whole number of immigrants during the ten months preceding the 1st of May was 444,812.

THE St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, which claims to be the original third-term paper and is one of the few leading Republican journals that espouses the cause of Conkling in his quarrel with Garfield, in an article on the unpleasantness now raging between the two factions of the Republican party, speaks of his late Fraudulency as "a person by the name of Hayes, whom some of us will remember as holding an office at Washington," and says of Garfield, that he "came into power after a campaign in which a large part of the oratory on the Republican side was devoted to proving a negative as to 329."

FROM Monday of last week, when Conkling and Platt resigned their seats in the Senate until the Senate finally adjourned on the following Friday, the Democrats, who had a clear majority, could have elected one of their own number President *pro tem.*, and could also have tabled Dawes' resolution to oust the Democratic officials of that body. But they didn't do either. This fact, so creditable to the Democratic Senators, correctly illustrates the spirit animating the two parties in the Senate. If the case had been reversed the Republicans would have been quick to take advantage of the situation.

IN a conversation in Washington last week, Conkling expressed his belief that the third-term movement had not lost any of its original strength, but that on the contrary the treacherous course of Garfield would rally the party at the next convention to the support of a determined and straightforward man like Grant, upon whose word reliance could always be placed. He spoke more earnestly upon that feature of the situation than upon any other, and said that this was the beginning of a fight by him for the election of Grant or of some Republican equally realiable, and against all political "milksops of the Garfield and Hayes stamp."

IT was a lucky thing to have been an officer in Garfield's regiment. Sheldon is Governor of New Mexico and expects to be United States Senator when that Territory becomes the State of New Mexico. Swaim is Judge Advocate General. Myers is United States Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio. Don Pardee is United States Circuit Judge in Louisiana. Rockwell is Commissioner of Public Buildings, and Henry is United States Marshal for the District of Columbia. This is doing pretty well for the officers of a single regiment, and not more than half the appointments from it have yet been made. Of course they are all from Ohio, that prolific mother of office-holders ever since Hayes was fraudulently imposed upon the country as its President.

AMONG all the nominations sent to the Senate last week by the President, the meanest and most disreputable was that of General Judson Kilpatrick, of New Jersey, to be Minister to Chili. He held the same position a few years ago, but had to be recalled. He is best remembered by his performances in the Presidential campaign of 1876. He is an apostle of Stephen W. Dorsey's method of carrying a State election, and while he was stumping Indiana for Hayes he telegraphed to him these memorable words: "Plenty of money and the bloody shirt will make Indiana certain." These potent Republican arguments in a State campaign didn't make "Indiana certain" in 1876, but they did the work effectually, especially the "plenty of money" argument, under Dorsey's management in 1880.

POSTMASTER GENERAL JAMES, who has always had a warm side for Conkling, not only united with Vice President Arthur, together with Conkling and Platt, in signing a letter to Garfield protesting against Robertson's nomination and asking Garfield to withdraw it, but was the bearer himself of the letter to the President. If any man can imagine Amos Kendall, who was Postmaster General under that man of iron will, Andrew Jackson, carrying and delivering to "Old Hickory" a similar document touching one of his nominations to the Senate, he may safely conclude that within twenty-four hours a communication would be sent to that body nominating another person to the office of Postmaster General, "in the place of Amos Kendall, *removed*." The mantle of Jackson, however, has not fallen on the shoulders of James A. Garfield.

NEXT TUESDAY is the day on which the Legislature of New York must commence balloting for two U. S. Senators to succeed Conkling and Platt. They are both now at Albany seeking a "vindication," which means a re-election, and the outlook may be briefly and correctly stated as follows: If all the Republican members go into the caucus, Conkling and Platt will be nominated, as their friends will be in a majority. The Garfield men, however, under the leadership of Judge Robertson, who is a member of the State Senate, declare that they will neither enter the caucus nor vote under any circumstances for Conkling and Platt. It only requires *twenty-seven* Republicans to act with Robertson in order to prevent an election, and he says he has several over that number who will stand by him. The Democrats will support two candidates of their own, and a deadlock will thus be created precisely like that which existed for so long a time at Harrisburg, at the beginning of the present session of the Legislature. The strong probabilities are that there will be no election, and that the choice of Senators will devolve upon the Legislature to be elected next November.

WHEN William E. Chandler's name came before the Senate last Friday for confirmation as Solicitor General, he discovered that Democratic Senators had a vivid recollection of the events of four years ago and of the infamous part he played in falsifying the vote of Florida, stealing it from Tilden and giving it to Hayes. He was rejected by a majority of *five* votes, and thus, as Judge Black warned the electoral commission, it came to pass that the mills of God grind slowly—but still they grind and grind exceeding small. Chandler didn't receive the vote of a single Democratic Senator, as he never ought to have received. This was the merited punishment inflicted upon him for the crime of helping to steal the vote of a State and giving the Presidency to a man who was not the choice of a majority of the American people. And yet the same Senate that rejected Chandler for the one cause stated, came to the relief of Stanley Matthews in the hour of his greatest peril and confirmed him as an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court by *one* vote. Matthews had acted as conspicuous a part in stealing from Tilden the vote of Louisiana as Chandler had in the case of Florida, but while the one was deservedly crushed, the other sits to-day as a Judge of the highest Court known to the laws of the country. But then Garfield himself went down to New Orleans and did all he could by hook and by crook to set aside the verdict of the ballot-boxes in Louisiana and make them tell a lie, and his reward has been his election to the highest office in the gift of the people. There are reasons which brought about the confirmation of Matthews, to the most influential one of which we have two or three times heretofore referred and need not now repeat them. But if the Democratic Senators whose votes placed him where he is are not at some time in the future found calling upon the mountains to rise up and fall upon them, then history will fail to repeat itself.

AS CONKLING AND BLAINE are just now the most conspicuous figures in the Republican quarrel growing out of Garfield's nomination of Judge Robertson to the office of Collector of the Port of New York, we publish below what the man from Maine said about the man from New York in a debate in Congress in 1866—fifteen years ago—since when no exchange of words has passed between them. We published this extract from Mr. Blaine's speech once before, but it will bear repetition. He said:

"As to the gentleman's cruel sarcasm, I hope he will not be too severe. The contempt of that large-minded gentleman is so willing; his jhangdoodle, his gratuitous swell, his majestic, super-eminent, over-powering, turkey-gobbler strut has been so crushing to myself and all the members of this House that I know it was an act of the greatest temerity for me to venture upon a controversy with him. But, sir, I know who is responsible for all this. I know that within the last five weeks, as every member of the House will recollect, an extra strut has characterized the gentleman's bearing. It is not his fault. It is the fault of another that gifted and satirical writer, Theodore Tilton, of the New York *Independent*, spent some weeks recently in this city. His letter, published in that paper, embraced, with many serious statements, a playful piece of satire, a part of which was the statement that the mantle of the late Winter Davis had fallen upon the gentleman from New York. The gentleman took it seriously, and it has given his strut additional pomposity. The resemblance is great. It is striking. Hyperion to a Satyr, Thersites to Hercules, mud to marble, a dunghill to diamond, a singed cat to a Bengal tiger, a whining puppy to a roaring lion. Shade of the mighty Davis! forgive the almost profanation of that jocose satire."

GLENNI W. SCOFIELD, of Warren county, in this State, late Register of the Treasury, was nominated by Mr. Garfield last week and confirmed by the Senate as a Judge of the Court of Claims, to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of Judge Hunt as Secretary of the Navy. Scofield was in Congress with Garfield and like him had "a Congressional transaction" with Oakes Ames in Credit Mobilier and Union Pacific stock, on which he made a clear profit of $870. The plea set up by Scofield when he was examined before the Poland Committee was much the same as that of the maiden who loved not wisely but too well: "Oh, it was such a little one." When he was asked by the committee whether there was any legislation in Congress while he held this stock concerning the Union Pacific Rail Road, he answered, "If there had been any the interest was too small a matter—$200 or $300 of it—to influence anybody's vote." It was not what he or Oakes Ames' other men *got*, but what they knew they *would* get, if the corrupt business had not been exposed, that was at the bottom of the transaction. Scofield is a nice man to be made a Judge, but why should it cause any surprise after the election of "329" to the Presidency?

THE constutionality of the prohibitory amendment recently adopted by the people of Kansas is to be made a test case in the courts. John Wallruff, of Lawrence, that State, owner of the Lawrence brewery, representing a capital of $70,000, was a delegate to the convention of the National Brewers' Association, which lately met a Chicago, and on his return home stated that after a full discussion of the matter the Association agreed to raise a fund of $75,000 to aid him in testing the validity of the law in the Supreme Court of the United States. He takes the position that under the sanction and protection of the laws of Kansas he was encouraged to engage in the manufacture of lager beer, and he proposes now to ascertain whether, under the Federal constitution, a State has the right to take his property for public use by forbidding him to sell what the State law permitted him to manufacture. If the right of a State to pass a prohibitory law includes the right to destroy private property without compensation, the brewers propose to have the exact limits of the authority defined by the court of last resort.

WALLACE R. WHITE, of Maine, who has been made, through James G. Blaine, of course, United States District Attorney for Washington Territory, is the same White who acted such a conspicuous part in attempting to bribe fusion members of the Legislature of that State during the difficulties winter before last. The price set upon a Maine statesman by White in that emergency was *one thousand dollars*, and Mr. Blaine has not forgotten the value of his services when they could do him the most good. After us the deluge.

## OUR PHILADELPHIA LETTER.

GENERALITIES—DEATH OF THOMAS A. SCOTT —A BAD DELIVERANCE—THE "TIMES" AND THE "ROOSTERS"—LE DUC AND LORING—THE REVISED NEW TESTAMENT—A NEW THING IN CHURCHES.

[Special Correspondence of the FREEMAN.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 22, 1881.

DEAR MCPIKE—Philadelphia's true blue Conklingites are beginning to feel as if their immense Senator had put his foot in it. All of our truly loyal citizens who were sitting on the fence waiting to find out on which side they should drop, immediately upon the confirmation of Robertson, flopped over to the Garfield side, "just as easy as rolling off a log." Our people generally are serenely resigned to Conkling's resignation, and will continue so if Conkling will only stay resigned. The Philadelphia Mahoneites, while they are great admirers of Mr. Conkling, have great respect for their "thrifty repudiators," and do not wish to resign. They would be pleased to have Vice President Arthur resign, but they fear that if he did so they could not get him back to the place that Dorsey, Brady and company bought for him.

The political atmosphere of Philadelphia was for a long time very milky, but the adjournment of the Senate has cleared it so far as to enable the politicians to forecast what is coming. The extra session of the Senate, if it did no other good, smoked out Mahone and brought Davis off the fence. It also forced the President to choose which faction of his party he would stand by. The main record of the session, however, will not be a pleasant contemplation for posterity. Both Democrats and Republicans disgraced themselves. The confirmation of Stanley Matthews to the Supreme Bench was the last step in the degradation of that tribunal.—The disgraceful Republican coalition is dead and the trading caucusses are a stench in the nostrils of all parties.

The *Times* has been unable to present its charges of corruption against the Legislative roosters in any language that the roosters understand sufficiently to make them demand judicial inquiry. It seems that the legislative roosters and their bosses can neither read English, German, French nor Latin.

DEATH OF THOMAS A. SCOTT.

When in my last letter to the FREEMAN I wrote of Mr. Scott's convalescence, I had no thought that in my next letter I would write of his death. The mightiest monarchs that shake the earth with their footsteps have no firmer hold upon life than the humblest peasant. There is no appeal for relief from the great law that dooms us all to dust. The fat of death is inexorable, yet few think of the great event until its shadow falls across their pathway. My earnest prayer is, that the noble soul of Thomas A. Scott in passing through the dark valley was conducted to paradise. Few men had as many warm, devoted friends as Thomas A. Scott. He had a grateful manner of mingling with men of all stations and occupations with whom he was brought in contact. He was genial, engaging and peculiarly graceful in manner.—By all who knew him as a companion and a friend his death will be deeply mourned. The death of Thomas A. Scott removes from the field of action one of the most remarkable men of the day. His career was a brilliant one. From the humblest walks of life he rose to the head of one of the greatest corporations and grandest structures of the continent—one in which he was the ruling spirit, and of which he was the chief architect. Thomas A. Scott will not only be remembered as a great railroad king, but also for his generous friendship and benevolence. His memory will be kept fresh and green by many whom he kindly befriended. While few men leave a grander record behind them, still fewer die whose death is so generally and sincerely regretted.

A BAD DELIVERANCE.

Since the people of the United States have wiped out every smudge of the Credit Mobilier and other scandals attached to Mr. Garfield in the coming contest will be given Grant's imputations on Garfield's course are in very bad taste. Grant himself was the head and front of the stupendous misgovernment that made our system of government a byword and scorn for the loathing of Christendom. As a public deliverance his literary contribution to the Garfield-Conkling imbroglio is more than bad. The people have had Grant's two terms were the most iniquitous administrations that ever cursed the country. Remembering his corrupt practices and criminal doings, his arraignment of Garfield is simply ridiculous. The great "gift-taker" should be the last man to kick. Sure didn't he bestow gifts on Garfield to give his friend Cramer a *warmer* berth, and never didn't Garfield send Cramer to Berne. The notoriously corrupt ex-President Grant should be the last man in the country to take up the quarrel of defeated Conkling against victorious Garfield.—His disgraceful scandals of eight years will make all of Garfield's four years' scandals respectable.

THE "TIMES" AND THE "ROOSTERS."

The Philadelphia *Times* has for weeks past been giving the public a great deal of interesting literature in its pen picture sketches of the roosters in the Legislature. The pen pictures of the men who delight to be known as ringsters were unexceptionably good. Its pen sketches of Benjamin L. Hewit, of Blair, Thomas J. Rice, William H. Hazlett, Joseph A. Souder, of Philadelphia, J. K. Billingsby, of Washington, Joseph Edwards, of Schuylkill, Samuel B. Myers, of Venango, and A. J. Colburn, of Somerset, must have been read with deep interest by their respective constituencies. The most conspicuous picture among the roosters was that of the Speaker, Hewit—not conspicuous by virtue of his office, but by the unequaled foulness of his epithets. Billingsby is distinguished as the unscrupulous leader of the disreputable gerrymandering scheme. Myers is conspicuous as chief of the moral reform, and for his unfailing opposition to reform in any shape. Souder is conspicuous as a lustily crowing rooster. Hazlett is conspicuous for his second-hand eloquence and brazen impudence. Hewit is conspicuous for his kindness in allowing his bill as a cover from which to fight reform measures. Price is conspicuous on the barren benches of the House.—Colburn is conspicuous for his explosive mouth and dilating nostrils, and is also distinguished as a political acrobat. The *Times* has given exceedingly interesting personal sketches of all the leading "rooster" members of the House, and although they do not make very nice portraits, it was very kind in the *Times* to draw their pictures and present them to their various constituencies. They now know just what kind of "roosters" they have sent to the Legislature.

LE DUC GIVES WAY TO LORING.

Agricultural Le Duc is no longer an object for admiration and awe, as he has given place to agricultural Loring. The agricultural and official Le Duc still exists, but the personal and private Le Duc still exists.—Agricultural Loring is a model producer of cabbages and onions, and great as is the loss of Le Duc and home-grown tea, the country will find an equivalent in Loring and his cabbages. While under Mr. Loring's administration we may not compete with Japan in tea, we will with Cuba in producing sugar, but judging from the solidity and strength in which Mr. Loring's onions are said to excel we will be benefitted by the results of his practical experience in onions and cabbages. The Philadelphia *Record* says: "If the head of the Agricultural Department should ever become a Cabinet officer, Loring would be even more of an ornament than Le Duc."

THE REVISED NEW TESTAMENT.

The Christian world for a long time has been on tip-toe in expectation of the Revised New Testament. It had been promised again and again until the people had become weary of promises, but now that it has come at last there will be a great demand for it.—Many who are advanced in years and have been fed on familiar words of scripture during long lives will be sadly disturbed if passages which were dear to them have been put in new dress and clothed with a different expression. Changes will appear to them like sacrilege. But a lapse of centuries having produced a revolution in the English language, it was thought by many that a corresponding change was needed in the revision of the scriptures. There was such a great disgust on the part of many modern preachers for the simple Saxon style of the Bible, that a revision of scripture language became necessary. Speaking of this necessity, one of our American clergymen said: "It is high time we had a more mellifluous and magnificent Bible," and then asked "why the scriptures should be divested of decent ornament when various other works were adorned with splendid and sweet flowing diction." The Reverend American offered several translations of the New Testament. From many of his translations of Holy Writ, two or three are here given to the readers of the FREEMAN, to show them how their Reverend American friend would do it. For instance, he says: "Contemplate the lillies of the field how they advance." And, "Salt is salutary, but when the salt has become vapid how can it be restored?" And, "There are numerous mansions in my Father's Temple; if not I would have informed you." And, again, "If thou art beneficent, let not thy right hand know what thy left hand doeth." Numerous other American divines made up their minds that the present English Bible was no longer to be tolerated on account of the inelegance of its language.

Nor is the simple language of the Bible tolerated by many English and other European clergymen. There are numerous ministers of the gospel in Europe who think that simple instruction from the sacred desk, with the present Bible as the inspiration, is not interesting and therefore greatly lessens the influence of the minister. Below is given a specimen of the dialect of an English divine holding a high position in London. It is a translation of his manner of rendering the Twenty-third Psalm, and is as follows: "Deity is my pastor; I shall not be indigent. He maketh me to succumb on the verdant lawns; He leadeth me beside the unrippled liquidities; He reinstalleth my spirit, and conducteth me in the avenues of rectitude for the celebrity of my appellations. Unquestionably though I perambulate the glen of the umbrages of the sepulchral dormitories, I will not be perturbed by the appalling catastrophies, for Thou art present. Thy wand and Thy crook insinuate delectation." "Thou spreadest a reflection before me in the midst of inimical scrutations. Thou perfumest my locks with odoriferous ungents; my chalice exuberates." "Indubitably benignity and commiseration shall continue all the diutinuity of my vitality, and I will eternalize my habitation with the metropolis of nature."

I would suggest to the reader of the above who has not committed the original to memory to turn to his Bible, and, as he reads the above, to note the improvement.

Another English clergyman who was remonstrated with by a portion of his congregation for the employment of language beyond their comprehension, began his discourse the next Sunday in the following manner: "Dearly beloved brethren: My oral disquisitions having recently met (as I have been informed) with your vituperations, I hope it may not be considered an instance of vain eloquence or supererogation, if I here laconically promulgate that avoiding all syllogistical, aristocratical and perpatetical propositions, whether physically, physiologically, philosophically, politically or polomically considered, either in my diurnal peregrenations or nocturnal lubrications, they shall hereafter be assimilated with, and rendered congenial to, the occuputs and caputs of you, my most superlatively respected auditors."

The reverend gentleman's explanation being as clear as mud, his apology was no doubt as satisfactory to his auditors as his explanation was simple and lucid. He evidently placed things in such a light as to do away with any excuse for further complaint about his incomprehensible language. I give the foregoing deliverances of modern American and European clergymen to show to what an extent scripture language can be improved and how great is the necessity of improving it in order to please the modern preachers who are disgusted with its present simplicity, and yearn for something more "mellifluous." Many reverend gentlemen beside the ones above quoted seem to think that simple instruction as now given from the sacred desk robs it of much of its force and greatly lessens the influence of the minister. The revised New Testament is already for sale, and it is to be hoped will be a good thing and perfectly intelligible to the common people—that its new dress will clothe it with "mellifluent" expressions, and that it will be satisfactory to those who were dissatisfied with the old version. At present they are only getting the "mellifluented" Testament and may have to wait several years for the "mellifluented" Bible, until which time let them "possess their souls in peace."

A NEW THING IN CHURCHES.

The Beechers believe the old landmark of Christianity will be entirely replaced by new ones, to which the unregenerate can offer no objection. Some time ago, Dr. Thomas K. Beecher, of Elmira, N. Y., brother of Henry Ward Beecher, of Brooklyn, invented and talked about having patented the construction of a church upon such principles as need only be known to be strongly patronized.—The church is to be a cozy theatre, where there are to be performances of a varied nature. The church is to be a place of amusement, the time having passed when churches are to be used simply for singing, praying and preaching. In Dr. Thomas K. Beecher's church the evening service will be given lessons in billiards under the professor's instructions. The parlors of the church are to be gorgeously furnished. The floors are to be black walnut, carpeted with rich rugs.—The walls are to be adorned with costly pictures. In fine, the church is to be as little like a church as possible, the great object being to make religion and religious associations so subordinate to everything else that men and women seduced within its walls will never for a moment suspect they are in a sacred edifice. It is to have a well stocked kitchen and pantry, with all the modern improvements, and, in the parlors, the flavor of religion is not to be intruded. The Elmira preacher, like that Brooklyn Beecher, has an idea that any religion is preferable to no religion at all, and that it is better to have full than empty benches. The performances are to be of a varied nature, and a high old time will be had at each entertainment. Nothing is said in the description of the building as to what part of the church divine worship is to be held in, but there will certainly be room part of it fitted up for that purpose.—Dr. Beecher has a powerful mind, but there never was a Beecher mind that was not powerful in some way. Dr. Beecher's way is perhaps a good way of worshipping the Lord, but I do not commend it to Christians generally. G. N. S.

WORTH REMEMBERING.—Now that good times are again upon us, before indulging in extravagant show, it is worth remembering that you can enjoy the pleasantest surroundings if in bad health. There are hundreds of miserable people going about to-day with disordered stomach, liver and kidneys, or a dry, hacking cough, and one foot in the grave, when a 50c. bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the expensive quack medicines they have ever tried. It always makes the blood pure and rich and will build you up at little cost. Read of it in another column, and buy it from E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa.

THE UNTIMELY END OF AN HONORABLE CAREER.—Col. Thos. A. Scott, ex-President of the Pennsylvania Rail Road, died at his country residence near Darby, a short distance south-west of Philadelphia, on Saturday evening last, from paralysis, in the 57th year of his age. Mr. Scott was born in London, Franklin county, Pa., December 28, 1824. He received his education in the village school of that place. When ten years of age he went to work in a country store near Waynesboro, and was afterwards employed as a clerk in stores in Bridgeport and Mercersburg until about 1841. He then removed to Columbia, in this State, and entered the employ of Major James Patton, his brother-in-law, who was collector of tolls at Columbia on the State roads and canals. He next became a clerk in the extensive warehouse and commission establishment of the Leeches at Columbia. In 1847 he left this position and came to Philadelphia, where he accepted the position of chief clerk to A. Boyd Cummings, the collector of tolls at the eastern terminus of the public works. His connection with State improvements continued until 1850, in which year he entered the regular service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, being stationed at Duncansville as general agent of the Eastern or Mountain Division of the road. On the completion of the Western Division he was placed in charge of that section, and was soon after made general superintendent of the entire line, succeeding in that position General Herman J. Lombaert, whose ill health necessitated his retirement. In 1859, on the death of the Hon. William B. Foster, the Vice President of the company, Colonel Scott was elected to that position, and became chiefly instrumental in securing legislation which removed the oppressive tonnage laws of the State. The company paid to the State $13,570,000 for the main line and the repeal of the tax. He retained the Vice Presidency continuously until the death of the late J. Edgar Thomson, on the 27th of May, 1874, made vacant the highest office in the company, and on June 3, of the same year, Colonel Scott was elected to succeed Mr. Thomson. He administered the immense affairs of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company with signal ability and retained his control of that great corporation till May 1, 1880, when he resigned the Presidency, and was succeeded on the 5th of the same month by First Vice President Roberts.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.—Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, coming up of food, yellow skin, &c., when for 75 cts. E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa., will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, which is guaranteed to cure in every instance? [4-1.-e.o.w.1y.

A SHOCKING tragedy occurred near Albany, Ga., on Thursday, which has created great excitement in the neighborhood. It grew out of the jealousy of a married woman, Mrs. Elste Hill, whose husband had been attentive to a woman named Henrietta Cato. Mrs. Hill followed her husband to Henrietta's house, and after a short and sharp quarrel with her rival attacked her with a axe. A terrible encounter ensued. Henrietta, in defending herself, used a pocket knife, with which she stabbed Mrs. Hill. The latter finding herself badly injured gave up the contest and soon after died of her injuries. Henrietta was arrested.

NO REMEDY except PERUNA does always coincide with the *vis medicatrix naturæ*.

## NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—The State Teachers' Association will meet at Washington July 26.

—Two strong shocks of earthquake occurred in the island of Chios on Friday evening, and several more houses fell.

—Jane Burke of New York city, who persisted in accusing her husband of having poisoned her with Paris green, died on Friday night.

—Three miners were killed and several injured by the caving in of an ore chamber in the Golden Terra mine, near Deadwood, on Friday last.

—A boat containing four boys capsized in the North river, New York, on Monday morning, and two of them, Peter Keenan and Baker, were drowned.

—The steamer Victoria, plying between London and Springbank, Ont., capsized on Tuesday evening and fully seventy-five men, women and children were drowned.

—Major George W. Murphy, a prominent citizen of Pittsburg, committed suicide in that city on Saturday by taking morphine. He was suffering from melancholia at the time.

—A priest named Sheehy has been arrested at Kilmallock, County Limerick, under the Coercion act; also, a local auctioneer, a hotel keeper and the Secretary of the Land League.

—Mrs. Bell, the wife of the inventor of the telephone, is a deaf mute, and years before the telephone he invented the "Sip" method of instruction, which is now in general use in deaf mute schools.

—Ex-Postmaster Boyd, of Houlton, Me., was arrested on Saturday night for robbing the post-office of letters containing money. They were found on his person and he acknowledged his guilt.

—A physician at Trenton, Ohio, has cured himself of small-pox by eating lemons, and looks upon the fruit as a specific of as much certainty and power in small-pox as quinine is in intermittent fever.

—A dispatch from the River Du Loup, Canada, says: A pilot schooner containing a pilot, three apprentice pilots, and the cook was swamped in the river by high wind on Saturday. All drowned.

—Captain Platt, of the Carlisle Indian school, wants to find homes for 100 Indian boys during the summer months with farmers, tinners, carpenters, etc., where they may learn the domestic civilized life.

—The San Jose (Cal.) *Mercury* tells of a piece of gold weighing thirty-three ounces which was found in the Bald Mountain mine, Sierra county, California, a few days ago. It was about the shape of and nearly as large as one's hand.

—The new road to San Francisco through Arizona runs for sixty miles along a basin that is 250 feet below the level of the ocean. This region has two to four feet of salt and alkali covering its surface. The ground is perfectly white.

—Twenty-eight young lady members of a Philadelphia cooking club decided to have a pot-luck banquet, each to secretly prepare and contribute a dish on which she prided herself. The banquet consisted of 28 pans of chocolate caramels.

—Ex-Governor Washburn, of Wisconsin, who sails for Europe to-morrow, has given his handsome estate near Madison to the St. Clare Academy at Sinsinawa. This is a Catholic institution, though Mr. Washburn does not belong to that faith.

—Col. Scott leaves two children by his first wife—James P. Scott and Mrs. Howard W. Brickley, of Philadelphia, and two by his second wife—Edgar Tomson, now about eight years of age, and Mary, who is a few years younger than her brother.

—The sheriff of Wayne county, Mo., was killed and the county collector mortally wounded on Saturday near Williamsville by three men whom they were trying to arrest. Some five hundred citizens, at latest accounts were searching for the criminals.

—A fine Devon cow in Fallowfield, Washington county, eight weeks ago dropped a bull calf which weighed at birth 124 pounds. It gained but 4½ pounds the first month; but when only eight weeks old it pulled down the scales at the extraordinary figure of 320 pounds.

—In Honey Creek township, Vigo county, Ind., on Thursday morning, Alex. Melhelers killed his wife and sister-in-law, Ellen Bloxam, shot at his mother-in-law and then killed himself. Domestic trouble and dissipation led to the deed. Their families were prominent and respected.

—President Garfield and Secretaries Blaine, Windom and Kirkwood will participate in the ceremonies at the national cemetery at Cettysburg on decoration day. Governor Hoyt and staff, with the heads of departments and both houses of legislature have accepted invitations and will be present.

—A farmer living in Markham township, twenty miles from Toronto, Canada, has discovered a pit on his farm containing five hundred skulls and five times as many leg and arm bones. Dr. Wilson, of the University, is of the opinion that it is an Indian ossuary and that the remains have been under ground for 200 years.

—The Milford (Ill.) *Gazette* says that Geo. P. Hubbard, young married man, committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. An anonymous letter, making accusations against his wife, an educated and refined young woman, drove him to the deed. It is said his wife admitted the truth of the charges.

—A dispatch from the Ursuline Convent, Ohio, says: "Archbishop J. B. Purcell is steadily sinking; he is perfectly conscious of what transpires in his presence, and takes little or no cognizance of what is told to him. It is thought he cannot last many days longer. He has suffered since the death of his brother from a slight stroke of paralysis."

—The Hungarian sleeper at Allentown opened his eyes again on Friday and the next day had them still open, but was still seemingly unconscious to all that was said or done around him. There is an abscess forming on the top of his head, showing plainly that his brain is diseased. His condition is becoming more critical and few have any hopes of his recovery.

—C. L. Yorgey, of Pottstown, and A. De Haven, of Montgomery, Pa., were arrested last Friday, on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the State Capital insurance company of Harrisburg. It is charged that they effected an insurance on the life of the late Daniel Gehris, aged 84 years, on his death bed, two days before he died. Other arrests are expected. Dr. Yorgey has been arrested before on a similar charge.

—John Shaw, marble cutter, doing business opposite the Cemetary of Our Lady of Snow, at Milwaukee, was arrested one day last week, charged by two of his workmen with stealing at least six tombstones from graves in the cemetary, and with effacing the inscriptions for the purpose of reselling them. For some time tombstones, and, in some instances, the chains marking the bounds of lots, have disappeared.

—A Tucson despatch says: "'Curly Bill,' the notorious Texas cow boy who killed Marshal White, of Tombstone, captured a church at Charleston with his gang and made the clergyman dance before the congregation, and raided several towns at different times, was mortally wounded at Galesville on Friday by Jim Wallace, one of his comrades. Wallace was released on the ground of self-defense."

—Mrs. Cooley, a widow, about thirty-six years of age, who had been in Springfield, Mass., only a week, committed suicide early Friday morning by throwing herself from a third-story window in her boarding house on Water street. She was instantly killed. She said last night that if anything happened to her to give $50 of her money to her sister, Bridget Hughes, of Adams. Over $150 was found on her person, rolled up in a handkerchief.

—A dog belonging to James Gormley, of Parkersburg, is kept chained to its box on account of its aversion for chickens. The dog has a sort of friendship, however, for one of the feathered tribe, and whenever this hen wants to lay an egg, she walks up to the dog on the hind end, after cackling for a few minutes, succeeds in getting the animal to the out-side of the box, where it will remain in all kinds of weather until the work of the hen is finished.

—The Beyertown *Democrat*, Berks county, is a "family" paper in every sense of the word. The proprietor, Mr. Charles Spatz, and his daughter do the composition work, a son, about 14 years old, acts in the capacity of foreman, while Mrs. Spatz assumes the roll of "pressman." Mr. Spats has been a cripple for years, rendering him almost unfit to attend to the duties of his office; yet the paper appears regularly and is entertaining and reliable.

—An Alpena father committed suicide because he thought his wife loved their daughter more than she did him; a California girl because her father married a woman who was her junior; a Rhode Island mason because he carelessly built a wall out of plumb; a Georgia negro because he could not feel that he had a satisfactory quantity or quality of piety; a Maine farmer because a balky horse exasperated him; and a Michigan bride because a husband of three days swore at her.

—A whole flight of balloons was sent up yesterday at noon from Oak Hall, Sixth and Market streets, says the Philadelphia *Times* of Sunday, all but one being of gaudily-tinted paper. The last, which was made of stouter material, carried up a little basket, in which was an order for a prize for the finder. The balloon took a northeasterly course and very rapidly passed out of sight. It fell very soon, however, and was found floating in the Delaware by Albert Sparks, fireman on the ferry-boat West Jersey.


John Wanamaker's STORE.

The greatest variety of goods in one establishment in the United States.

*Dress Goods, Silks, Ladies' Suits, Shawls, Underwear, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Shoes, Linens, Gentlemen's and Boys' Clothing, Housekeeping Goods, Furniture, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, etc.*

Goods sent all over the United States by Mail, and Samples sent when requested.

GRAND DEPOT, The whole block, 13th & Market Sts. PHILAD'A.



BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

A TRUE TONIC

A PERFECT STRENGTHENER. A SURE REVIVER.

IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient **tonic**; especially *Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fever, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc.* Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. They act like a charm on the digestive organs, *removing all dyspeptic symptoms*, such as *Tasting the Food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc.* The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A B C Book, 32 pp. of useful and amusing reading)—*sent free.* BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., and have crossed red lines on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.



BITTERS


—The Newport (Pa.) *News* says that a three-year old son of J. Eppley, of Marysville, on Tuesday stood outside a pig-pen at home and tracked in with one of his hands to play with the swine that were grunting at their trough. One of the pigs took the little boy's hand in its mouth, holding the child secure. The little chap then made an effort with his other hand to release the captive digits, when the greedy hog nabbed it also. The ensuing cries of the child attracted assistance to the spot, and the boy was extricated from the dangerous predicament into which he thoughtlessly placed himself just in time to save perhaps both of his hands being eaten off by the ravenous hog. As it was, the little fellow's hands were lacerated, but not seriously.

—The Onancock (Eastern Shore) *Virginian* says that Joshua Grant, a negro man, in Occohannock neck, about five miles below Wardtown, has been an invalid all his life, but of late has been graously growing worse, and is now a living skeleton. The bones of his limbs are as distinct as though they had nothing but a piece of fabric drawn over them. He has a great thirst and appetite, but can keep nothing on his stomach. He drinks a gallon of water at a draught, but immediately vomits it up. He eats an enormous quantity of food, but vomits it up as soon as the meal is finished. He has been in this state for several weeks and is gradually starving to death. Curiosity leads many visitors to see him, who pronounce it the most wonderful sight they ever beheld.

—An explosion of fifteen barrels of Danfourth fluid occurred in a cellar on Edmund street, St. Joseph, Mo., occurred at 1 o'clock Monday night. The floor over the cellar was occupied as a saloon and billiard room by colored men, a number of whom were there at the time, and all of whom lost their lives. The number could not be ascertained, but was variously estimated at 15 to 45. Five bodies have been recovered up to the following noon, all burned beyond recognition. It is said that one white woman was in the place at the time of the explosion. The building was totally and instantly destroyed. The inmates were all buried in the debris, which was completely enveloped by the hot flame of the burning fluid. Water was freely used by the fire department, but was of no avail. Several thousand excited people surrounded the scene of the disaster on Monday and many women and children were screaming and bewailing the loss of their husbands and fathers or friends. The concussion shook the buildings for several blocks distant.

THE CASE OF MICHAEL P. BOYTON.—On Friday last, a short time before the final adjournment of the Senate, the report of Mr. Blaine, Secretary of State, upon the case of Michael P. Boyton, was received in answer to a Senate resolution of inquiry. Boyton, it will be remembered, after he had been arrested under the Irish Coercion act, claimed protection from the American Consul at Dublin on the ground that he was a citizen of the United States, alleging that his father, who emigrated to this country from Ireland in 1859, was naturalized while he (Michael) was a minor. Mr. Blaine concludes his report as follows:

"I view Mr. Boyton's case as one of hardship and no means have been spared to relieve him. Were I in possession of proof of the naturalization of the father during the son's minority or of the performance of any legal act by the son, whereby the latter's citizenship would be established, I would not hesitate to take every step warrantable by international law and justice in his behalf. Even as it is, so strongly does his case appeal to sympathy that, if the sense of the Senate should favor such a course, I would cheerfully counsel the President to appeal to the friendly benevolence of the British Government, representing Mr. Boyton's position as that of a man who, secure for years in the self-conviction of his rights as a citizen, has failed to verify them as he could have done by law long years ago, and urging his immediate trial, if evidence exists against him to warrant such proceeding, or his release on the condition of returning to this country, here to acquire the status and fulfill the obligations of a faithful and law-abiding citizen."

THOUGHT HE MIGHT BE THE P. M. G.—Apropos of the Star mail route scandal, the Fulton *Republican* gets off the following good one:

Mr. Lear, the mail carrier between this place and Orbisonia, who has "Star Route, U. S. Mail," inscribed on his hat, poured into our ears some of his troubles, the other day. He said, "A man met me out here, and sez he, 'Mister, do you chaw terbacker?' Sez I, 'Yes.' Sez he, 'Lem'me see it.' Then I pulled out a sixty cent plug I had just bought, well nigh as big as a winder shutter, which he took and sed, 'is one chaw of terbacker enough for a man?' Sez he cut off a pretty fair chaw, sez I, 'Yes.' Then he handed me the chaw he cut off and pocketed the balance of my big plug and walked off." "Well, what did you do?" we asked. "Why, I didn't do nothin'. I was afeered it

# Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - MAY 27, 1881.


## LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

### Here, There and the Other Place.

—We should smile if the soda water at the new drug store ain't just elegant.

—The fruit, grass and grain, as to all will appear, never looked better at this time of year.

—The man who sleeps with his forefathers is no doubt supplied with all the napkin he needs.

—A fine line of sunshades just received at Barkers'. New stock, new styles, and new prices.

—After all, "The Widower," though in type, will have to put up with another week of suspense.

—That the cattle be pleased nobody will doubt at the monster hay crop that seems sure to pan out.

—The people seem to be having an early Fourth of July in her'n, ain't it about time to begin talking the thing up?

—Decoration day will no doubt be properly observed in this place, but as yet nothing has been done in that direction.

—The army worm is said to have made its appearance in Indiana, Illinois and eqquiped, in the western part of the State.

—When the weather ain't cold, it is either mixed up or hot, and the man that ain't suited deserves to be shot—in the neck.

—Any remedy that always coincides with the *vis medicatrix naturæ* cures all diseases. Parker's. For sale at the new drug store.

—Within ten days after the 1st of June newly-elected school directors must be sworn in, and the new boards fully organized for business.

—A cricket club with twenty-two members has been organized in Bedford. The crickets are of the kind that play on the heath—not on the hearth.

—"Iron Bitters," placarded all over the country and advertised in the FREEMAN for the first time to-day, can be bought at the new drug store around the corner.

—Kendall's Spavin Cure is the best liniment on human flesh in the world. Try it and be convinced. Read their advertisement. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg, Pa.

—Samuel Douglass, Esq., an old, widely known and much respected citizen of Johnstown, died on Monday last, in the seventy-second year of his age. Peace to his ashes.

—Why will men allow themselves and their noble horses to suffer? when Kendall's Spavin Cure applied properly will remove all suffering from man and beast. See advertisement.

—Rev. G. P. Sawis has so greatly pleased his congregation at Chest Springs, this county, during the last three years, that the invitation they extend to him is, "We want you to Sawis still."

—A couple of fine horses in Bedford county became deadly sick with the blind staggers the other day, in consequence of eating some of the bark from a locust tree to which they had been hitched.

—In order to avoid working on Ascension Thursday, a holy day of obligation in the Church of which we are far from an ornament, we put our paper to press this week one day earlier than usual.

—Dr. Tarrant's Carminative is deep seated, no sore so stubborn, but that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will not be found helpful. It will effect a cure if cure be possible. Sold at the new drug store, Ebensburg, Pa.

—Huntingdon has a mail delivery, of which the *Journal*, of the *Local News*, if we mistake not, is the "great big Injun me." It is not the kind, of course, in which medical men usually take a hand.

—As a cool summer hat can at Barkers' be bought for the sum of five cents, it may well be thought that the man who'd expose his head to the rays of the downpouring sun must have queer kind of wits.

—It is said to be worth a trip to Cresson to see the lightning lath nailer at work. He is credited with the ability to put on thirty-two hundred laths in a day with ease to himself and entire satisfaction to the laths.

—The Huntingdon *Local News* suggests that the spring of water at Chalfant, that county, which is said to be covered by ice the year round, may be under an ice house. Certainly, an ice way to account for it.

—Brother Swank, editor of the *Tribune* and postmaster of Johnstown, was victimized to the amount of $300 by the postal money order swindler, Milton J. Graff, *alias* Coles, and yet Brother Swank never cussed.

—The tortures of neuralgic pains, sick and nervous headache, are instantly banished by the use of Dr. Faust's German Cure for Neuralgia and Headache. Guaranteed to relieve. All druggists. For sale by E. James, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1,'81-e.o.w.ly.]

—Don't forget to remember, if a straw be put upon you should need, that at Barker's the finest and best can be found, while as to prices—well, we should smile, yes, indeed, to think that they can't "get away" with all the merchants around.

—Revenge from a picked nine from the employees at the Company's store, Johnstown, to play a match game of base ball in this place with our boys to-day (Thursday,) has been received. We have not learned whether it was accepted or not.

—Maggie, a four-year-old daughter of ex-Sheriff Ihrie, of Johnstown, tripped and fell down a flight of stairs at her father's residence on Tuesday morning last with a set of toy dishes in her hands, and cut and injured herself quite severly.

—It is estimated that during the last two years not less than sixty-eight young men have left Conemaugh township to seek what they could n't find at home—employment. The inference to be drawn from this is, that Ebensburg is a first-rate place to—leave.

—It is said that there is only one thing in the world that is sure—namely, death. We can add another sure thing—SIMES' SYRUP OF TAR. It does not fail to cure a Cough or Cold, and can be bought from E. James or V. S. Barker & Bro., Ebensburg.

—The ubiquitous John Smith has turned up in Johnstown, or rather skipped out of that place on Monday night last, with a gold watch and five dollars in cash which he stole from a boarder named Charles Bell.

—The Sinful Smith mentioned in Bedford is doubtless the individual who found proof-sheets of his fraudulent meeting, with blanks, stamps, etc., in quantities and character, sufficient to furnish all the additional evidence necessary to his conviction.

—Mr. Casper Leib, of St. Nicholas, and a gentleman named Edwards indulged in a friendly wrestling match a few evenings ago, first fall to be decisive. Edwards threw Mr. Leib got up with his right shoulder badly dislocated the fun had departed and a very painful sensation occupied its place. A messenger was sent to Carrolltown for a physician, and returned as speedily as possible with young Dr. Maucher, who put the shoulder in place and made Mr. Leib correspondingly happy.

—A gentleman from Philadelphia congratulated us the other day on the fact that the English sparrows have not yet made their appearance in this latitude, and from all we have heard and seen of the little pests we certainly have no reason to regret their absence. Indeed, we should rather rejoice to think that we are like the chap whom the young lady asked, "Which do you think is the worst, the worms or the sparrows?" "Well, really, I don't know," was the reply; "I never had the sparrows."

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—Wm. Engle, of Grazierville, which some of our exchanges locate in Blair county, though we fail to find it on the map, was killed in a wreck on the Tyrone & Clearfield railroad on Tuesday of last week. Deceased had been employed in an axe factory at Tyrone, but finding his health impaired by the work, he sought and received a situation as freight brakeman on the railroad, and the day of his death was the first day on which he assumed his new duties. The unfortunate man leaves a wife and three children to mourn his shocking fate.

—Conly and Heath put in an appearance at the Court House on Monday evening last, but as the audience didn't come to time so promptly—that is as to numbers, about $22 being the total receipts—they curtailed the thing to some extent, and next morning took the train for Philadelphia, thus canceling their engagements at Chest Springs and Carrolltown. The entertainment here was well enjoyed by all who attended it, but as it was a repetition for the most part of their former programme, many people remained away whose presence would otherwise have been assured.

—Twenty sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard passed over the P. R. R. on Friday last, en route for San Francisco, whither they have been detailed as part of the crew of the steamer "Rogers," which will shortly sail from that port to the Arctic regions in search of the missing "Jeannette" expedition.

—Huntingdon is to have a new industry in the shape of extracting tannin from chestnut wood. A company has been organized, with a capital of $150,000, and a site selected in West Huntingdon for the necessary buildings. Some person or persons ought to have a "tannin" for not starting something of that kind in Ebensburg long ago.

—The item about Mr. Peter Cov, of Indiana county, having lost forty out of a flock of one hundred sheep in consequence of feeding them on grain which item originally appeared in the FREEMAN of the 6th inst., reached our next door neighbor last week after having waded through various other papers in the State.

—Four inmates were taken or sent away from the county almshouse during the first three days of the present week. Mary McCloskey was removed by her sister, Mrs. James Gillen, of Summitville, on Sunday last; Charles Collins was shipped to Montgomery county on Monday, and Mrs. Jones and child were sent back to Johnstown on Tuesday.

—It seems that walking shoes and slippers are to be "all the rage" the coming summer, and in view of this fact V. S. Barker & Bro. have bought a large and elegant stock, consisting of low buttoned shoes, fancy tied and strapped slippers, with bows, and without bows, as well as all other kinds and qualities, which they are now offering at rock bottom prices.

—The late Col. Thos. A. Scott may or may not have reached the summit of his ambition during the remarkable and exceedingly honorable career which has just closed, but we have good reason for believing that he never reached the summit of the Alleghenies as clerk in a store while quite a young man, the Johnstown *Tribune* to the contrary notwithstanding.

—A postal from our young friend S. J. Humphreys, formerly of this place, requests his address to be changed from the Seventh Avenue Hotel to 278 Liberty street, Pittsburg, but why this is thus deponent saith not. Presumably he has taken a new departure of some kind, and we can only hope that it is to his advantage, as he is well worthy of Fortune's favors.

—The desk used by Col. Scott when he first entered upon his remarkable railroad career has for some time been in use in the ticket office at Duncansville, Blair county, and no Musselman ever took greater pride in the prophetic utterances of the great Mohammed than Mr. Christ. Musselman, the ticket agent over there, takes just now in showing the aforesaid desk to his visitors.

—Another meeting was held at Carrolltown on last Saturday afternoon to further the project of establishing a telephone line between Ebensburg and that place. What progress was made may be inferred from the fact that the wire and poles enough to put up three or four miles were all the time there then and there secured, and as for the balance, a committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions.

—A promising young horse has been named Dr. Tanner in hopes that it will make him fast.—*Exchange.* That might do for some horses; but we had rather take our chances on a package of M. B. ROBERTS' HORSE POWDERS, as they guarantee a healthy and vigorous constitution, which is essential for lasting speed or endurance. For sale by E. James and V. S. Barker & Bro., Ebensburg, Pa.

—A young man named Charles Weber, aged about nineteen years, was fatally injured at the steel works of the C. I. Co., Johnstown, on Saturday last, by being struck on the frontal bone of the forehead by what is known as a damper plate, causing concussion of the brain resulting. He lingered in an unconscious condition until Sunday noon, when he died without recognizing any of the loved ones about him.

—A bricklayer named Tyson, employed at the new Cambria House, was struck on the head by a falling board, Wednesday forenoon, while at work in the cellar, but fortunately escaped with nothing worse than a slight scalp wound. Evan C. Evans, also at work on the same building, had one of his feet somewhat demoralized about the same time by an unfortunate brick kicking up behind and coming down upon it.

—H. M. Albertson, Esq., of Philadelphia, attorney and agent for what are known as the Fisher lands, located in this and the adjoining county of Indiana, had posters printed at this office notifying all persons who hold deeds, contracts or receipts relating to the purchase of any of said lands, that they will find it to their advantage to present them to him for examination at the Mountain House, in this place, on or before Monday next.

—A Glen White woman who don't differ very much from other white women was in Altoona, Tuesday evening and from thence went to Hollidaysburg in quest of her truant husband, who, she said, a-fishing on Saturday had gone and forgot to come back. It is not known at this writing whether the woman caught up with her husband or not, but the general impression is that he has skipped for more verdant fields and pastures new.

—The hens are paying their Easter—laying for it, so to speak.—*Somerset Herald.* The only objection we have to them is they do not meet it squarely. They go at it in a kind of round (about) way; but we are of the opinion that this could be remedied to a certain extent by the use of M. B. Robert's POULTRY POWDERS, which will make the hens act "on the square" by laying double yolked eggs. Sold by E. James, and V. S. Barker & Bro., Ebensburg, Pa.

—We print elsewhere some section taken by our Council Monday evening relative to the low ground at the west end of the reservoir. Where should be nine feet of the flume we have only three feet—a quantity totally insufficient to meet the wants of the public. In view of this fact, the steam engine, which was tested and found in good repair, was put in motion Tuesday morning, to run night and day, and Messrs. Dearman and Evan D. Evans officiate as engineers.

—U. S. Inspector Tidball, accompanied by Postmaster Harry H. Souls, of East Liverpool, Ohio, visited the office, at Wellsville, that State, on Saturday last, of Linton J. Goff, alias Coles, the forger of post-office money orders, whose recent arrest in Altoona is doubtless well remembered, and found proof-sheets of his fraudulent meeting, with blanks, stamps, etc., in quantities and character, sufficient to furnish all the additional evidence necessary to his conviction.

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—Our merchant friend H. T. O'Friel, of Loretto, and none are more deserving, has just returned from the east with a large and general assortment of dry goods, hats, caps, boots, shoes, groceries, hardware, drugs, paints, oils, etc., which he promises to sell at the very lowest prices for cash or good marketable produce. Paints of all colors, ready mixed for use, brushes of all sizes, copel, Damar and coach varnishes, turpentine, Star lubricating oil, linseed oil, Japan dyes, etc., kept constantly in stock. Go, see, buy, and rest assured that honest goods and honest prices will be your reward.

—Excursion tickets will be issued by the P. R. R. Co. on the 1st and 2d of June next to all persons wishing to attend the Cambria County Sabbath School Convention, to be held in this place on said days, at the following rates: From Johnstown, $1.40; Conemaugh, $1.31; Mineral Point, $1.13; South Fork, $1.02; Summerhill, 95c.; Wilmore, 85c.; Portage, 74c.; Lilly's, 57c.; Gallitzin, 58c. The excursion tickets from Mineral Point and Lilley's will be sold by conductors, there being no agent at either of those points. All tickets will be good for the return trip until the evening of June 2d.

—The Hollidaysburg *Standard* of the Altoona *Daily Sun* says that a few evenings ago a young lady asked a lady friend the name of her brother, who resides somewhere in Cambria county. She gave the desired information, and the first lady made it her business next day to write him a very loving epistle and requested him to strike up a correspondence with her friend. The request was complied with, and yesterday (Friday) she received an answer to her epistle and felt so elated that she told all her friends about it and read them the contents of the letter. She had better cease her foolishness at once and let up writing to persons with whom she is not acquainted.

—Mr. J. A. Shoemaker, of this p ace, left home on Thursday morning of last week for Elk county, where at latest accounts he was engaged as one of a corps of civil engineers on a line of new railroad, if we are rightly informed, now being constructed from New York to Pittsburg by way of Buffalo. Mr. S. expects to be absent from home until the latter part of August or the beginning of September, but where his duties will call him in the meantime is more than he himself can tell. Of course we don't expect our energetic townsman to become "monarch of all he surveys," but we hope that his new position will pan out profitably and that he may have a good time generally.

—Ladies, while silently suffering from your many forms of weakness and disorder, to you is given Dr. Faust's German Aromatic Wine, guaranteed to benefit and permanently cure you. A lady writes: "I gained eight pounds in three weeks by your German Aromatic Wine." Sold on a positive guarantee to invigorate, regulate and give new and permanent vital force. Are you a debilitated person, aged and feeble, or just recovering from the effects of exhausting mental or physical work? Revive the drooping energies, get new strength and rich blood by the prompt use of Dr. Faust's German Aromatic Wine. In no way can it be used as an intoxicant.—Ask Druggists. For sale by E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1.-e.o.w.ly.]

—It may be true that the woman who was taken to the county almshouse from the vicinity of Wilmore with a badly sprained ankle, as noted in the columns last week, subsequently attempted to commit suicide by swallowing morphia, as the Johnstown *Tribune* says she did, but as Steward Lilly, from whom we heard for later than Wednesday forenoon in regard to the case, didn't say that he suspected anything was wrong, didn't tell us that he found any morphia in her possession, didn't pretend to know that she either meditated or attempted suicide, and didn't allege that he had any difficulty in bringing her to, we have abundant reason for believing that she wasn't brought to—any place but the poor house.

—As a punctuator of poultry pouncers our legal friend Charles L. Dick, Esq., of Johnstown, is evidently a success. At least we should judge so from what the *Tribune* says about the gentleman having started out to Millcreek Monday forenoon for the purpose of "putting a period to the existence of two hawks," only one of which, however, he succeeded in puncturing. Still it was a very large hawk, the one he did shoot, measuring fifty inches from tip to tip of wings, the entire body of the female persuasion. Charles will probably never again come across so hefty a mark during the entire period of his existence, unless he should conclude to colonize the pests and get all the grow out of them there is in them.

—On Thursday of last week, Miss Charlotte McDonald, of Brooklyn, N. Y., formally received the solemn habit from Sisters of St. Joseph at the "Chapel of Our Lady of Lourdes," in this place. The chapel which is always beautiful and attractive, was especially so on this interesting occasion, nature furnishing rare and brilliant flowers for the decoration of the altars. Very Rev. Father Ryan, of Altoona, officiated. The ceremonial of the reception was such as has very frequently described in the FREEMAN, and hence need not be repeated here. During the ceremony Father Ryan addressed a few very appropriate remarks to the prostulant, impressing upon her mind the importance of the step she had taken, and begging of her to hold fast to the good resolutions she had just formed. The ceremony was followed by "Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament," after which the "*Te Deum*" was chanted by the choir.

—Adam Reep, of Allegheny township, Blair county, sat down on the grass and also on Thursday last at the forks of two roads to wait for a friend, and while on the wait picked up what he supposed to be a discarded pistol cartridge. His next thought was that said cartridge would make a nice ornament for the end of a lead pencil, and acting on this conviction he took a splinter from the fence and commenced to pick out the dirt, or what he presumed to be dirt. The seemingly inoffensive piece of metal, as the sequel shows, proved to be a torpedo or cap charged with nitro-glycerine, used by quarymen for putting off dynamite in blasting, and as it was never made to be used as the result was a sudden and unlooked-for explosion, which knocked Mr. Reep over and lacerated the hand that held the torpedo in a shocking manner, the thumb and forefinger being torn off so completely that no part of them could afterwards be found. A physician subsequently succeeded in removing the shattered bones, and although the other fingers were badly damaged, it is thought they can be saved. This may be set down as a disastrous case of Reep before any sewing had been done—by the doctor.

THE proprietors of Kendall's Spavin Cure have hundreds of letters on file speaking in the highest terms of the benefits derived from its use. When you find one case where it has failed to give relief, there are hundreds where it has proven a success. Read their advertisement, and go to the new drug store for the cure.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR JUNE completes the one hundred and second volume. It opens with a beautiful steel plate illustration of Sir Kenneth and Saladin, from Sir Walter Scott's "Talisman;" contains the usual rich array of Fashions in beautiful colors, and numerous illustrations of dress for ladies and children. The Literary Department contains an intensely interesting novel (all complete) by Margaret Vandegrift, various short stories by good writers, and the usual Work Department, Fashion Department, Puzzles and Games, Rich Recipes, etc. etc. By all odds, it is the best of the Fashion Book. Any of our readers who do not take the Lady's Book can be supplied, prom ptly, by leaving their orders at this office. We will furnish our own paper and the Lady's Book for the low price of $3.00 per annum. The publishers agree to start a subscription with any month you may select.

ELIXIR VITÆ FOR WOMEN.—Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., has made the discovery! Her VEGETABLE COMPOUND is a positive cure for female compaints. A line addressed to this lady will elicit all necessary information. For sale at the new drug store, Ebensburg.

A QUEER STORY OF UNCONSCIOUS TRANSIT.—A thirteen-year-old lad giving the name of Arthur G. Smith, son of Judge Fayette Smith, of Cincinnati, was found in an unconscious condition, as if under the influence of powerful narcotics, lying behind a water trough at Derry station, Westmoreland county, (some accounts say that he was bound to the railroad track,) at an early hour on last Thursday morning. When restored to consciousness he said that he went to bed at home as usual on Monday night, and from that time until he awoke at Derry he knew nothing of what had transpired, but believed he had been kidnapped by some one who had a grudge against his father. A dispatch to the latter brought the answer that the boy's story was true and that he should be sent back to Cincinnati, which was accordingly done the same evening.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Special inducements are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay you to read their advertisement, to be found elsewhere in this issue. [3-18.-10m.]

LADIES, and all who lead sedentary lives, should use Dr. METTAUR'S HEADACHE AND DYSPEPSIA PILLS. Price 25 cents. [5-20.-1m.]

HER STORY CORROBORATED.—Notwithstanding the doubt subsequently cast upon the account given of her adventures by the woman who was recently taken to the county almshouse from the vicinity of Wilmore with a badly sprained ankle, as detailed in our last issue, her story seems after all to have been for the most part correct. Hence we need pursue the subject no further than to say that an answer to a letter written by her and Steward Lilly was received on Saturday last from Mrs. Eilen Donnelly, of Bridgewater, Mass., as was also a letter for Katie, the alleged sister of the injured woman, who, as we stated last week, secured employment at or near Portage. Both these letters revealed the fact that Katie is a niece and not sister of the other woman, and that her real name is Katie Donnelly, and not Katie Carver, as she gave it. The letters further declared that her parents, sisters and brothers were almost distracted when they learned of her disappearance and knew nothing as to where she had gone.

Katie visited her aunt at the poor house on Thursday last, but remained only about three hours, after which she returned to Portage. On Sunday, however, the injured woman became so much worse that a telegram to Katie from Mrs. Donnelly, stating that her niece was again sent for, and has been with her ever since. The story the latter now tells is that Annie (the aunt) and herself had made up the story she (Katie) told Mr. and Mrs. Lilly during her first visit to the poor house, their object being to prevent anybody from finding out who they were or where they lived.

Annie's condition on Wednesday was greatly improved, and it is thought she will be fit to return home with her niece as soon as they receive the requisite funds from their relatives in Massachusetts, which they are expecting by every mail.

The principal cause assigned by the suffering woman for leaving her husband is that through his infamous conduct she became afflicted with a disease too horrible to mention, and with which she is still seriously ailing. She says she could stand anything else from her husband, but as that was a sin and a shame she could never condone, she left him forthwith, taking her neice with her for company, and was fully determined not to return or live with him again.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF CATARRH, cold in the Head, Catarrhal Deafness, and Hay Fever we call your particular attention to a new and valuable remedy, Ely's Cream Balm. We are continually hearing the most favorable reports of its curative effects. It is easy and agreeable to apply. We would strongly recommend this discovery to our patrons and every one suffering from Catarrh, etc., being fully convinced it will please in every case. YANNIPER & Co.; Druggist, Pascale, N. J. Sold at James' Drug Store, Ebensburg, Pa.

I AM CURED OF CATARRH AND DEAFNESS, after giving Ely's Cream Balm a thorough trial. It has on several occasions relieved me of severe pain in the head. My aunt was troubled with deafness so that she could not hear at all in one ear. After using the balm a few times her hearing was restored. F. D. MORSE, Insurance Broker, Elizabeth, N. J. See advertisement.

WHOLESALE FORGERIES OF POSTAL MONEY ORDERS.—The Huntingdon *Local News* of Monday condenses from the Altoona papers of Friday, and we copy from the *News* as follows:

A young man, by name Adam B. Coles, was arrested in Altoona on Thursday morning last on a charge of forging postoffice money orders. On being taken to the Mayor's office and the charge preferred, forged orders amounting in all to $9,800 were found on his person and in his baggage. These orders are for $50 each, and were made up in sets of six each for seventeen or eighteen different towns in this State and a number of points in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts, all purporting to have been issued at East Liverpool, Ohio. Among the number were six payable at Tyrone, six at Petersoring, six at Huntingdon, six at Lewistown, six at Millerstown, six at Newport, six at Duncannon, six at Marysville, six at Harrisburg, six at Middletown, six at Mount Joy, six at Lancaster, six at Bryn Mawr, six at Coatesville, six at Parkesburg, and so on for a number of towns in other States. His arrest was caused by the Postmaster of East Liverpool, who had received an imperfect money order from the postmaster at Wallingford, Conn., with the request that he make the necessary correction and return the order. On receiving another letter of inquiry from the postmaster at Petersburg, this county, on Wednesday last, he went to Pittsburg to secure the services of Inspector Camp to investigate the matter, but meeting him in the city, came on to Altoona and notified the postmaster in person not to cash any orders drawn on the East Liverpool office, and to cause the arrest of any person presenting such orders. In some instances Coles had enclosed the orders to the postmaster, requesting him to forward the money in registered letter to some point designated, but these letters fell into the hands of Inspector Camp and would no doubt have been successful in obtaining all or almost all the money for the orders found in his possession if he had not overlooked one very important feature of the money order business. The advices he sent ahead of him were properly gotten up it all particulars save one, and that is, no request was made to cancel the orders upon the face of the advise sent to Wallingford, and this being an imperfection, it became the duty of the postmaster there to inquire into the matter. This inquiry, and the subsequent one from Petersburg caused by the same defect, led to his detection and arrest. He was placed in charge of Postoffice Inspector Tidball, who took his prisoner to Pittsburg Friday morning, and after a hearing Coles, was committed in default of $5,000 bail for the action of the United States Grand Jury. His real name is Linton J. Groff, and his residence Wellsville, Ohio. He admitted the forgeries, and said that if he had been let alone he would have collected $10,000 in a month.

"WOMEN NEVER THINK."—If the crabbed old bachelor who uttered that sentiment could but witness the intense thought, deep study and thorough investigation of women in determining the best medicines to keep their families well, and would note their sagacity and wisdom in selecting Hop Bitters as the best, and cheapest, certainly in point of economy, to keep their families in perpetual health, at a mere nominal expense, he would be forced to acknowledge that such sentiments are baseless and false.—*Picayune.* For sale at the new drug store, Ebensburg, Pa.

"COONEY."—As the editor of the McVeytown *Journal* has become one of the celebrities of the local press, the following rich, rare and racy autobiography of the gentleman in question will no doubt be enjoyed by all of our readers. We copy from last week's issue of the *Journal* aforesaid:

A subscriber of the Lewistown *Democrat and Sentinel* asks the editor of that paper the following question:

"Who or what the —— is 'Cooney,' so often mentioned in your columns? Give us his personality."

We shall endeavor to enlighten the curious individual. Our name is Conrad, surnamed Edmund, "Cooney" for short.

We were born in Lebanon, Pa., A. D. 1840, of German parentage; had one father and one mother, and have a number of sisters, cousins and aunts; have one wife and two children; we are about five feet five inches in height, and when in fighting trim, our condition weigh probably one hundred pounds; own and run the *Journal* with the assistance of a local and devil; own a house and lot, two cats, and a number of other domestic animals; am the proprietor of the Pilgrims Rest and soda fountain therein; travel occasionally for our health, upon the advice of a regularly graduated M. D., and whose business is it, we'd like to know? Once served a two months' term in the county prison, for a number of years and answered to the name of "Daley;" but he has long since been gathered to his fathers. He was a daisy. Am a Notary Public-an sinner; we are never a candidate but vote in our own and that time defeated; am about to join a military company with the full purpose of fighting for our adopted country, but shall take the oath of allegiance with the mental reservation to flee at the first appearance of war: learned and worked at tinsmithing for several years; am constitutionally opposed to hard work and intend to enjoy life if possible; and having given this brief history of our life we respectfully and tearfully ask inquisitive readers and others to give us a rest.

A FOOLISH MISTAKE.—Don't make the mistake of confounding a remedy of acknowledged merit with the numerous quack medicines that are now so constantly flooding the market from experience when we say that Parker's Ginger Tonic is a sterling health restorative, and will do all that is claimed for it. We have used it ourselves with the happiest results for Rheumatism and when worn out by overwork. See advertisement.—*Times.* For sale at the new drug store, Ebensburg, Pa.

"OUR BOROUGH DADS."—A meeting of Council was held in Council chamber on Monday evening of this week. Subjoined is a recapitulation of the business transacted:

On motion, resolved, that the Burgess is hereby authorized and directed to make publication in the *Cambria Herald*, as required by law, that the boro' proposes re-issuing bonds with the view of refunding the present indebtedness at a lower rate of interest, thereby calling attention to the fact so that the holders of the present bonds may exchange them, if they see proper, for the new issue.

Moved and seconded and agreed to that if the water decrease in the reservoir to three feet, the Chief Burgess be and he is hereby to give notice by posters that the water will be shut off entirely after that day until the reservoir has been replenished.

Moved and seconded and agreed to that the superintendent of water works be directed to procure some competent person to examine the borough engine, and if the same is in order, he be directed to procure two competent persons to run the same continuously, night and day, until the reservoir has been filled.

After the passage of sundry bills for expenses incurred by the borough, adjourned.

SHE went to the play of "Olivette,"
And near an open window she sat,
And by so doing she there met
The fate of all who rashly get
Into imprudent.

She saw a notice in the weekly *Star*,
"To Cure a Cold—Use Sykes' Syrup of Tar."
So she went to the druggist, and then and there
Invested with a single quartair
In the article.

Now if you only have occasion to see
How earnest and vehement she will be
When telling how quickly and entirely
She was cured of the cold caught on said settee,
I will surprise you.

### DEATH TO WORMS.

DR. E. F. KUNKEL, the great Tape Worm destroyer, removes Tape Worm in 2 to 3 hours, head and tail, all complete and alive, with pleasant vegetable medicine. No fee until cured. Fifty per cent. of cases of dyspepsia and disorganizations of liver are caused by stomach and other worms existing in the alimentary canal. Numbers of prominent citizens of Philadelphia, who have been treated for various diseases—dyspepsia, consumption, bronchitis, female weakness, etc.—can certify that my treatment has cured them, and that they have been treated for wrong diseases. Their symptoms and treatment: In this age of inventions it is very remarkable, but none the less true, that the sympatoms of worms, a disease of the most dangerous character, are so little understood by the medical men of the present day. These parasites undergo the most curious transformations. They remain months, and even years, in the body before they are fully developed. They only mature in parts of the body which communicate with the external air, as in the alimentary canal, or lungs, but generally the former.

There are numerous kinds, but the most dangerous, and by far the most difficult to remove, is the Tape Worm. This worm is constructed of flat pieces, which are connected with the head by a very fine neck. The parasite is sometimes 100 feet long, but it is so thin that the worm could be held in a small bottle. The symptoms of this, as of other worms, are weakness and irritation. To effect a perfect cure, the head of the worm must be removed. This is very difficult to accomplish, and several eminent physicians have only been able to remove parts of the body. Those who are troubled with this loathsome disease can be cured in the short space of three hours. (For Tape Worm, write and consult the doctor. For all others, buy E. F. KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP.) Common teacher in Tape Worm be removed, all other worms can be readily destroyed. Advice at office and store free. The doctor can tell whether or not the patient has worms. Thousands are daily dying with worms and do not know it. Fits, spasms, cramps, choking and suffocation, sallow complexion, circle around the eyes, swelling and pain in the stomach, restless at night, grinding of the teeth, picking at the nose, cough, fever, itching at the seat, headache, foul breath, the patient grows pale and thin, itching and irritation in the anus—all these symptoms, and more, come from worms. E. F. KUNKEL'S Worm Syrup never fails to remove them. Price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. Buy of your druggist the Worm Syrup, and if he has it not, send to Dr. E. F. Kunkel, 259 N. Ninth St., Phila., Pa. Advice by mail free; send 3 ct. stamp.

**Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia.**

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is a sure cure for this disease. It has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of many eminent physicians with unparalled success. Symptoms are loss of appetite, wind and rising of food, dryness in mouth, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness and low spirits. Not sold in bulk, only in $1.00 bottles. Ask your druggist for it. Aschbach & Miller, Sole Agents, 31 and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia. For sale at the new drug store, Ebensburg.

SWEET FLOWERS! that from your sunny nooks
Give welcome to the vernal sun!
How joyous you, as each bright eye looks
Aloft, doth seem the life begun!
How eloquent ye seem of days
When lovers near your haunts will chance,
And with your dainty form will praise,
And he up sodded cliffs will prance,
And get—much verdure on his pants.

It is happiness to know that the pants can be replaced at Simon & Bendheim's, next door to the First National Bank, Altoona, for a mere song. Not only that, but you may buy an out-and-out suit of elegant spring or summer clothing from them for a price so moderate as to put any purchase within the reach of everybody. Fresh installments, received weekly, thus furnishing to buyers the very latest styles and finest fabrics. Call on S. & B., or send for a price-list.

**St. Elmo Hotel,**
Nos. 317 and 319 Arch Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Rates Reduced to $2.00 per Day.

The travelling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and amusement, and the different Rail Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by street cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements for those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

JOS. M. FEGER, Proprietor.
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1880-tf.

How doth the little busy wife
Improve spring's shining hours,
And check the carpet out o'doors
As round the house she scours!
How skillfully she sets the tack
Upon its head, and drives
And wonders whether "hub" will run
The darned thing in his feet.

If this event should occur, there will be trouble in the camp for a time—till "hub" shall regain equilibrium by investing in one of those fashionable warm-weather suits of which Jas. J. Murphy, 209 Clinton street, Johnstown, keeps a full line. His stock is one of the largest and best to be found in Cambria county, as well as the cheapest. Satisfaction as to material, make and price guaranteed in every instance. Special attention is directed to a fine lot of boys' clothing just received.

Now sing the merry thrushes,
Now nature gaily blushes,
The brooklet wildly rushes,
The fat Ed. the post crushes,
The lover freely gushes,
Now naught the shad fiend hushes,
The tramp o'er the beer keg lushes,
And fly the scrubbing brushes.

Warm weather is here! The figures registered on the thermometer daily substantiates this assertion. Such being the case, you doubtless want a new suit of Spring clothing. If so, call on or send to Godfrey Wolf, next door to the postoffice, Altoona—that is our advice. His reputation as a cheap and fair-dealing clothier stands high up, while his stock in extent and variety of styles cannot be improved on. The well-known Rochester clothing a specialty. Orders by mail promptly filled.

### *America Must Yield.*

The greatest thinkers, the most profound scholars, the most expert, thorough and successful chemists—Europe and America must turn to Germany. In the wofully speculative field of medicine no greater step has yet been taken than in the discovery, after long and careful research and the most careful and patient experiments, of Dr. Faust's German Cough Syrup, for the cure of consumption, coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, croup, and all pulmonary diseases. Remember this medicine is sold on a positive guarantee to cure. Price, 25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle. Ask Druggists. Sold at E. James' Drug Store, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1.-e.o.w.]

Gon bless the wives!
They fill our lives
With little bees and honey!
They save life's shocks,
They mend our socks,
But--don't they spend the money?

When they spend it in a sensible sort of way, as, for example, they invest in a pair of the elegant boots made by S. Bugenthal, 1119 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, it is perfectly satisfactory all round. Mr. B. deals only in good stock, and can accommodate both sexes and all classes of people with boots, shoes, slippers, etc., at lower prices than any other dealer in the land. He solicits a visit from every reader of the

## HELPFUL HINTS.

In icing cakes dip the knife frequently into told water.

Lemon juice and glycerine will cleanse and soften the hands.

Wagon spokes made of yellow locust will outlast two sets of oak felloes.

Labels placed in linseed oil and soaked will hold paint marks plain for years.

Grow more grass: this recuperates the land, and at the same time yields a profitable return.

A teaspoonful of turpentine boiled with your white clothes will aid the whitening process.

Look out for lice on chickens or turkeys as soon as they can run nicely. If you don't you'll be sorry.

Land ploughed after the middle of May will generally yield better crops of corn than if ploughed in April.

It is said that a strong tea made from boiling sassafras roots used as a wash will kill lice on horses and cattle.

Cold boiled potatoes used as soap will clean the hands and keep the skin soft and healthy. Those not over-boiled are the best.

Soaking calico, just previous to the first washing, in a strong solution of either salt or alum is excellent to preserve the color.

The easiest method of removing rust from iron is by rubbing it with a rag dipped in oil of tartar. The rust will disappear immediately.

It is recommended to soak seeds in water that has been slightly acidified with nitric acid. A little ammonia added to the water will hasten germination.

Turn up the big toe as hard as you can for a cramp in the leg, and rub the skin where the cramp is briskly. This toe remedy is the best possible for a cramp.

Mixing salt with manures and composts will kill white grubs as well as seeds of weeds. Afterward spread broadcast and plow, harrow or cultivate into the soil.

Instead of fooling away your time in whitewashing hen-houses (on the outside) or chicken-coops to kill lice, paint them with kerosene. That will kill lice every time.

All feeders who have studied the habits of the animals they feed have discerned that they take special note of time and are disappointed if the time is delayed only a few minutes.

Trim trees in open weather. Scatter all the wood ashes you can get under the peach trees and cut back the new growth one-half. Sow refuse salt and brine broadcast under all fruit trees.

The raising of sheep is of the greatest benefit to the land, because wherever they feed new and sweet grasses grow and flourish, and the weeds are destroyed. Farmers should raise turnips and feed them to sheep.

The crops that do best on rather stiff soil are potatoes, onions, celery, late cabbages, late beans, Hubbard squashes and fruits of all kinds. When well drained such soil will often produce good early cabbages.

Combe says, in preserving beef, the ribs will keep the longest—five or six days in summer—the middle of the loin next, the rump next, the round next, and, the shortest of all, the brisket, which will not keep more than three days in hot weather.

Stringhalt is an affection of the nerves and incurable. It is caused by a loss of the power of the nerve which controls the muscle by which the leg is lifted, the action then being spasmodic, irregular and excessive, causing the high lifting usual in this order.

However good the roosting-house may be, and however extensive the grass runs, a place should be provided where the poultry can congregate during wind and rain and be perfectly dry and sheltered. This dry run should face south and be protected from east wind.

Eel grass is almost indestructible in the hog-pen or barnyard, and yet can be easily decomposed by composting with quicklime or wood ashes, when it makes a valuable fertilizer, as it contains one-third per cent. nitrogen, one per cent. potosh and a quarter of one per cent. phosphoric acid.

Kerosene will destroy the mealy bug, but will also destroy the plant. It cannot be diluted with water, as the two will not mix, but milk will mix with kerosene, and then the combination will mix with water, and in this way kerosene can be effectively used for destroying these parasites.

To revive old kid gloves, make a thick mucilage by boiling a handful of flax-seed; add a little dissolved soap; then, when the mixture cools, with a piece of white flannel wipe the gloves, previously fitted on the hand; use only enough to take off the dirt, without wetting through the glove.

The tent caterpillars can be easily destroyed if, when they are first seen to form the web, you ascend the tree to where they are located, either after sundown or early in the morning, and with an old glove on your hand just roll them in their web and squelch them. If there are any of these pests on the end of small twigs which trouble you to reach, tie a cotton rag to the end of a long stick, saturate it with kerosene oil and set it on fire; apply this to the web and sure destruction is the result.

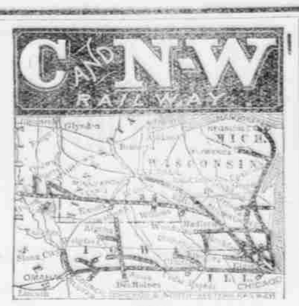
ANECDOTES OF ANIMALS.—At Nakkoo, in the Island of Lapland, an eagle was shot on the 14th of April which measured six and a-half feet from the tips of the wings. Round its neck it had a brass chain, to which a little tin box was fastened. The box contained a slip of paper on which was written in Danish: "Caught and set free again in 1792 by N. and C. Anderson—Bostod in Falster, Denmark."

Josiah Maston of New Harley, Orange county, N. Y., saw lying on the bottom of the Wallkill river what seemed to be a large flat stone. Soon it began to move, and with assistance a turtle weighing seventy-five pounds was landed. The turtle measured thirty-five inches in length. It took two men to drag him up the hill to Maston's house. It is the largest turtle ever caught in that section.

A gentleman in Bangor, Me., had presented to him a Maltese cat with four young nursing kittens by a friend living fourteen miles away in the country. The cat and her kittens were placed in a close covered basket inside of which was a blanket in which they were wrapped and the whole then covered with a thick rug. The basket and its contents were then brought in a wagon to Bangor, the distance stated. The cat and her kittens were kept in a room in their home and carefully watched, fed and petted for seven days, she appearing to be wonted and content. On the morning of the seventh day she and her kittens were seen at their new home for the last time, and were missed very soon after. The following day at noon she appeared at her old home with the kittens. She did not return by the road, the way she came as she was seen by several persons going through the fields with a kitten in her mouth. Allowing thirty hours to have elapsed between the time she was last seen at her new home and the first time she was seen at her old home, she must have traveled a distance of 112 miles, carrying a kitten one-half the same distance.

STALE BREAD moistened with sweet milk is recommended very highly as good feed for young chickens the first few days. When a week old they may be fed on cracked grain scalded. When old enough to swallow grain give them plenty of it.

MY daughter's Paralysis ataxis disappeared from the use of PERUNA.—B. C. HICKS, Pittsburg, Pa.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Chicago & North-Western
RAILWAY
Is the OLDEST; BEST CONSTRUCTED; BEST EQUIPPED; and hence the
LEADING RAILWAY
—OF THE—
WEST AND NORTHWEST!
It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in
Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, and for
COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA, DENVER, LEADVILLE, SALT LAKE, SAN FRANCISCO, Deadwood, Sioux City.
Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Colfax, and all points in the Territories and in the West. Also, for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Hoosbton, Neenah, Kewaunee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Tarpon, Bismarck, Winona, La Crosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the Northwest.
At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint Union Depot.
At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania R'ys, Grand Trunk R'y, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes.
Close connections made at Junction Points.
It is the ONLY LINE running
PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS
—BETWEEN—
CHICAGO and COUNCIL BLUFFS.
Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.
Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.
If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets for this route, and will TAKE NONE OTHER.
All Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this Line.
MARVIN HUGHITT,
3d V. P. and General Manager, Chicago.
[4-18-1 WESTWARD. [5-1

TAKE THE

THE GREAT
BURLINGTON ROUTE.
No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.
The Shortest, Speediest and Most Comfortable Route via Kansas City, Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.
The unequaled inducements offered by this line to travelers are: Reclining Chair Cars, the celebrated Pullman (16-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars run only on this Line, C., B. & Q. Celebrated Dining Rooms, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for Seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C., B. & Q. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars fitted up in the Elegant Rattan Reclining Chairs for the exclusive use of first-class passengers.
Good Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite Route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.
Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury instead of a discomfort.
Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the United States and Canada.
All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables, &c., will be cheerfully given by applying to
J. Q. A. BEAN, Gen'l Eastern Agent,
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NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO
Battle Creek, Michigan,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE ONLY GENUINE
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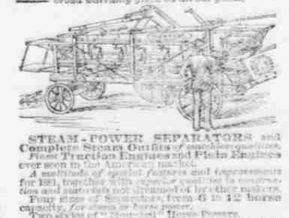
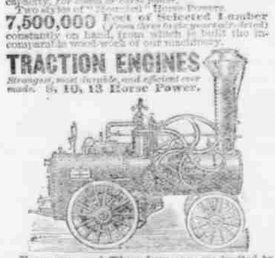
THRESHERS,
Traction and Plain Engines and Horse-Powers.
Most Complete Thresher Factory [ Established in the World. 1848
32 YEARS of continuous and increasing business, without change of name, management or location, to back up "the broad warranty given with our goods."

STEAM-POWER SEPARATORS and Complete Steam Outfits of unequaled quality. Finest Traction Engines and Plain Engines ever seen in the American market.
A multitude of special features and improvements for 1881, both in Vibrator Threshers and Engines and autfits not dreamed of by other makers.
Four sizes of Separators, from 6 to 12 horse capacity, for Steam Power.
Two sizes of Horse-Powers.
7,500,000 feet of Lumber (from three to six months' dried) constantly on hand, from which to build the incomparable machinery of our manufactory.
TRACTION ENGINES
Strongest, most durable, and efficient ever made. 8, 10, 13 Horse Power.

Farmers and Threshermen are invited to Examine our Large and Elegant Exhibit of Machinery. Circulars sent free. Address
NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.
Battle Creek, Michigan.
Jan. 14, 1881.—6m.

GROCERS sell ASCHENBACH & MILLER'S
FAMILY CHOCOLATE!
An article superior in quality and lower in price than any other in the market. Just one trial will convince experienced New Yorkers physicians gives it as his opinion that chocolate is preferable to tea or coffee because it adds strength to the body, now little is to be derived from tea or coffee, and that it admirably harmonizes the working of the digestive organs and gives purity to the blood.
For a superior confection, not surpassed in quality for any price, ask your grocer for Chocolate. Aschenbach & Miller, 23 and 25 Callowhill Sts., Philadelphia. For sale by Y. S. Barker & Bro., and N. J. Rhodehamel, Ebensburg, Pa. [7-6-1y.]

ROSE OF CASHMERE HAIR TONIC.
THIS preparation is made from the roses of the Valley of Cashmere, and is entirely free from Sulphur, Lead, and other poisonous and unhealthy ingredients. It is richly perfumed and contains the rose of pomades, hair oils, etc., unnecessarily. It preserves, softens and beautifies the hair and gives it a rich lustre. It is excellent in preventing or inflamed scalp. It never turns rancid. Druggists sell, a large bottle for 50 cts. Sold by RICH & MANN, Proprietors, 3rd and Callowhill Streets, Philadelphia. For sale at E. James' new Drug Store, Ebensburg, Pa. [12-17-76-1.

$2 [illegible] Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Me.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDY ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Also excellent for human flesh. READ PROOF BELOW.
FROM
Col. L. T. FOSTER.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, May 10th, 1880.
DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: I had a very valuable Hambletonian colt which I prized very highly. He had a large bone spavin on one joint and a small one on the other, which made him very lame. I had him under the charge of two veterinary surgeons, who failed to cure him. Reading the advertisement of "Kendall's Spavin Cure" one day in the Chicago *Sporting Life*, I determined at once to try it, as I knew its merits before. I send for it. They ordered three bottles, and I took them all, thinking I would give it a thorough trial. I used it according to direction, and the fourth day the colt ceased to be lame, and the lumps have since disappeared. I used but one bottle, and the colt's limbs are now as free from lumps as those of any horse in the State. He is entirely cured, and the cure was so remarkable that I let two of my neighbors have the remaining two bottles, which they are now using.
Very Respectfully, L. T. FOSTER.
Kendall's SPAVIN Cure
HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 18th, 1880.
DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: I have a very fine mare that had a bone spavin for a long time. I tried everything man could devise to cure it, but all in vain, and was about to give it up when a friend of mine in the city came to me and recommended "Kendall's Spavin Cure," which I tried with grand results, removing the bone clear and quick. I then sent 25 cents to you for one of your illustrated Horse Books, and I think there is no better book printed on the horse and his diseases. I have taken great interest in it, and have since sold fifty copies for me to my neighbors, and will try and do what good I can by getting them for others.
Yours truly, C. W. MILLER.
STATEMENT
MADE UNDER OATH.
To Whom It May Concern.—In the year 1875 I treated with "Kendall's Spavin Cure" a hole spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness. Have used it on other horses since with like results. Have worked the horse very hard ever since, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock. I have since invested him with "Kendall's Spavin Cure."
E. R. CLARKSON.
Ensworth Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 25th day of February, A. D. 1879.
SEAL] ALBERT G. JENNE, Justice of the Peace.
Kendall's Spavin Cure
ON HUMAN FLESH.
HARRISFIELD, Vt., Dec. 23, 1879.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.—Gents: I wish to add my testimony to the great value of your invaluable book, "Kendall's Spavin Cure." In the spring of 1872 I slipped on the ice and sprained my right limb at the knee joint. I was very lame and at times suffered the most excruciating pain. I wore a bandage on it for over a year, and tried most everything in my reach, but could find nothing that would give me permanent relief. When I ever worked, it would be almost every day in the year. I began to think I should be a cripple for life; but having some of "Kendall's Spavin Cure," thought I would try it. I used it, and it gave me speedy relief at once. The pain left me and has never troubled me since. I feel very grateful to you and would recommend "Kendall's Spavin Cure" to all who suffer with spavins or other complaints.
Yours truly, MRS. J. BOUTELL.
KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
is sure in its effects and mild in its action, as it does not blister; yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep seated part, or to remove any bony enlargements or other unhealthy growths, such as spavins, ringbones, curbs, splints, swellings, and will remove all unnatural growths of joints or fleshy parts, as it has done in many cases, and will not injure the horse in any way, or cause him to lose a hair, as it is entirely free from anything in its composition that will injure the most delicate animal. It is the only remedy known that will cure Callosity, as a household remedy for scald it is unequaled. The Balm is cool to the head and agreeable. Sold by druggists at 25 cents. On receipt of 50 cents will mail a package. Send for circular with full information.
Price of SPAVIN CURE, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, or will be sent by express, charges paid, or will be sent by Wholesale Druggists generally.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Floreston Cologne. The Most Fragrant and Lasting of all Perfumes. New, Delightful and Fashionable.
Sold by dealers in Drugs and Perfumery. Floreston Cologne Co., N. Y.
Mothers, Farmers, Mechanics, Business Men & Women, Teachers, and all who are tired out by work or worry, don't drink intoxicating bitters, but use
PARKER'S GINGER TONIC
Are you suffering from Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or Disease of Blood, Kidney or Liver Complaints, you can be cured by the use of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. If you are wasting away with Consumption, Female Weakness, Rheumatism, or any sickness! if you have a bad cough or cold, you will find sure relief in Parker's Ginger Tonic. If you are troubled by disease, age, or dissipation, and your system needs invigorating, or your blood purifying, Parker's Ginger Tonic will help you.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, diseases of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nervousness? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.
If you are young, delicate, single or married ladies, or worn out with the cares of life, Hop Bitters will restore you to perfect health. Whether you feel that your system needs toning, or stimulating, or that you require a mild, safe medicine, take Hop Bitters.
Have you a form of disease that Hop Bitters will not benefit or cure? We do not think there is such a case. We call upon all such to try Hop Bitters, and be convinced of their value. Do not suffer any longer, but use the Bitters and be cured.
Have you a friend or relative whose life is despaired of, who is sick, and the doctors say cannot live? Have you used all kinds of medicine to no purpose? Then we say to you, as a friend, try Hop Bitters! Do not delay, but try them at once. They may save your life. It has saved hundreds. Will you try them?
Mothers, Daughters, Wives, Sisters, suffering from any form of female complaint, or who require a tonic, should use Hop Bitters. In their practice they have no equal. Thousands testify to this. Try them.
Hop Bitters is not a vile drunken compound of whiskey, rum or alcohol, but is pure and contains the best remedies in the world, that will cure every disease the human family is heir to. Kidney complaint, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Bad Blood, Female Complaints, Ague, Fever and Ague, Malaria, Broken Down Constitutions, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Nervous Prostration, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Nervous Complaints, Epilepsy or Fits, Mental Depression, Dumbness, Blindness, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Skin, Ulcers, Humors, Scrofula, Chills and Fever, Ague, Fever